

لمادة من مكتبة طلابنا ألم تحميل ملف المادة من مكتبة طلابنا ألم تحميل ملف الموقع الموق

# www.tlabna.net

مكتبه طلابنا تقدم لكم كل مايحتاج المعلم والمعلمه والطلبه , الطبعات الجديده للكتب والحلول ونماذج الاختبارات والتحاضير وشـروحات الـدروس بصيغـة الـورد والبي دي اف وكذلك عروض البوربوينت.

المملكة العربية السعودية Kingdom of Saudi Arabia





ENGLISH LANGUAGE INTERMEDIATE STAGE FIRST INTERMEDIATE GRADE FIRST SEMESTER اللغة الإنجليزية المرحلة المتوسطة الصف الأول المتوسط الفصل الدراسي الأول

**SUPER** 

KSA Edition





كتــاب الـطالـب و التمارين STUDENT'S BOOK AND WORKBOOK



طبعة ١٤٤١ / ١٤٤٠هـ 2019/2020

### Ministry of Education, 2017

#### King Fahd National Library Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Brewater, Simon

اللغة الانجليزية - المرحلة : SUPER GOAL 1

Simon / المتوسطة - الصف الأول المتوسط - كتاب الطالب والتمارين

Brewater,.- Riyadh, 2017

..p; ..cm

ISBN: 978-1-5268-1935-2

1-English language-Curricula I-Title

428.241 dc 1438/5492

L.D.no.1438/5492

ISBN: 978-1-5268-1935-2

#### مواد إثرائية وداعمة على "منصة عين"



IEN.EDU.SA

#### تواصل بمقترحاتك لتطوير الكتاب المحرسي



FB.T4EDU.COM

# **SUPER**

# **MANUEL DOS SANTOS**



#### SuperGoal 1 Student Book

Published by McGraw-Hill Education, 2 Penn Plaza, New York, NY 10121. Copyright © 2017 by McGraw-Hill Education. All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced or distributed in any form or by any means, or stored in a database or retrieval system, without the prior written consent of McGraw-Hill Education, including, but not limited to, in any network or other electronic storage or transmission, or broadcast for distance learning.

ISBN: 978-1-5268-1935-2

*Publisher:* Jorge Rodríguez Hernández *Editorial director:* Anita Raducanu

Development editors: Ana Laura Martínez Vázquez, Janet Battiste

Art direction: Heloisa Yara Tiburtius Interior design and production: Page2, LLC

Cover design: Page2, LLC Photo coordinator: Kevin Sharpe

Photo Credits: The Photo Credits section for this book on page 84 is considered an extension of the copyright page.

Exclusive rights by McGraw-Hill Education for manufacture and export. This book cannot be re-exported from the country to which it is sold by McGraw-Hill Education. This Regional Edition is not available outside Europe, the Middle East and Africa.



# Contents

		Scope and Sequence	iv
Unit	1	Good Morning!	2
Unit	2	What Day Is Today?	10
Unit	3	What's That?	18
Unit	4	Around the World	26
		EXPANSION Units 1–4	34
Unit	5	Families, Families	40
Unit	6	Is There a View?	48
Unit	7	Where Do You Live?	56
Unit	8	What Are You Doing?	64
		EXPANSION Units 5–8	72
		Vocabulary	78
		Irregular Verbs	83
		Photo Credits	84

# Scope and Sequence

	Unit Title	Functions	Grammar
1	Good Morning! Pages 2–9	Greet people / Say goodbye Introduce yourself and others Talk about school supplies	Verb: <i>be</i> Possessive adjectives: <i>my, your, his, her</i>
2	What Day Is Today? Pages 10—17	Use days of the week and months Use the numbers 1 to 1,000 in context Use ordinal numbers Talk about your age Follow and give classroom instructions	Possessive adjectives: <i>our, your, their</i> Question words: <i>what, when, how old</i> Prepositions: <i>in, on</i> with dates
3	What's That? Pages 18–25	Give commands and instructions Ask for identification of things	Demonstrative pronouns: this/that/ these/those Imperatives Indefinite and definite articles: a/an, the
4	Around the World Pages 26–33	Talk about countries and nationalities Ask for information with <i>yes/no</i> questions Give basic personal information	Verb: <i>be</i> Question word: <i>where</i> Prepositions: <i>from</i> , <i>in</i> , <i>on Can/will</i> for requests and offers
	EXPANSION Units 1–4 Pages 34–39	Language Review Reading: Win a Free Trip to the Caribbean! Writing: Write about your country	
5	Families, Families Pages 40–47	Identify family members  Describe families  Verb: have  Quantity expressions: any, a lo  Possessives: 's  Question words: How many, V  Regular and irregular plural no	
6	Is There a View? Pages 48–55	Talk about rooms in a house and objects in the rooms Describe the location of objects Describe houses	There is/There are Prepositions: in, in front of, behind, on, under Conjunctions: and, but, or
7	Where Do You Live? Pages 56–63	Name places in a city  Describe location  Ask for and give directions  Verb: live + preposition  Prepositions of place: across fr  between, next to, on, near, fo  Comparative and superlative and	
8	What Are You Doing? Pages 64–71	Talk about what people are doing	Present progressive tense Questions with what + present progressive Would like and would like to
	EXPANSION Units 5—8 Pages 72–77	<b>Language Review Reading:</b> Email Pals <b>Writing:</b> Write an email abou	t family and activities

Listening	Pronunciation	Reading	Writing		
Listen to conversations for Sentence intonation A N specific information		A New Student!	Write a conversation Make and illustrate a list of greetings (Project)		
Listen to conversations for specific information  Stressed syllables		How Old Are They?	Complete a form with personal information Write about animal life spans (Project)		
Listen for specific details	Voiced th and unvoiced th	Museum of Science	Write about things in a museum Make a brochure for a museum (Project)		
Listen for specific information—telephone numbers, emails, and addresses  Telephone numbers, emails, addresses  Telephone numbers, emails, addresses  Lapland: The Land of the Midnight Sun		Write your name, address, telephone numbers, and email for a class directory Make an information poster about your country (Project)			
	Chant Along: Orders, Orders, Everywhere Project: Prepare a set of school rules				
Listen for specific information about a family	Do you…?	Famous Royal Families	Write about an imaginary family Write about the Saudi royal family (Project)		
Listen for specific information to perform a task	Yes/no question intonation	Unusual Houses	Describe your home Make a poster about a dream house (Project)		
Listen to follow directions	Syllable stress	Famous Neighborhoods	Write a postcard about your neighborhood Make a brochure for your neighborhood (Project)		
Listen for specific details about ongoing activities	The <i>-ing</i> ending	Teenagers' Favorite Place	Write about ongoing activities of family and friends Write about a popular teenage hangout (Project)		

About You

Chant Along: My Neighborhood!

# **Good Morning!**



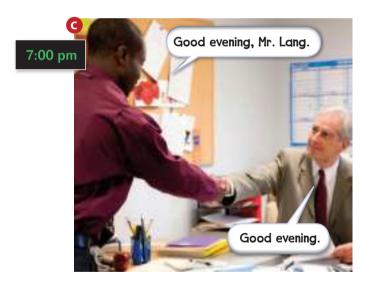
# Listen and Discuss 🕢



Hello, George.













Good night, Fatima.

### Introductions





### Quick Check &

- A. Vocabulary. Circle all the "hello" greetings in the conversations.
- B. Comprehension. Answer yes or no.
  - **1.** \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Porter is George's father.
  - 2. \_\_\_\_ Danny's greeting to Alex is "Good morning."
  - 3. \_\_\_\_ Michael's friends call him Mike.
  - **4.** Hanan and Asma are friends.



Use titles with last names or with first name + last name: Ms. Jones or Ms. Karen Jones. In greetings, use titles with last names only. You say, "Hello, Ms. Jones."

		Married	Single
Man	Mr.	/	~
Woman	Mrs.	/	
	Miss		~
	Ms.	/	/

# 2 Pair Work 🔀



- **A.** Start a conversation with a partner.
  - Hi, \_\_\_\_\_. How are you?
  - Fine, \_\_\_\_\_. And you?
  - I'm OK. / I'm fine.
- **B.** Introduce yourself to a new partner.
  - Hi. I'm \_\_\_\_\_. What's your name?
  - My name's \_\_\_\_\_. My friends call me \_\_\_\_\_.
  - Nice to meet you.

- **C.** Introduce your friend to a classmate.
  - **A:** \_\_\_\_\_\_, this is my friend, \_\_\_\_\_. \_\_\_\_\_, this is my classmate, \_\_\_\_\_.
  - **B:** Nice to meet you.
  - C: Nice to meet you, too.

# 3 Grammar 👊





#### Verb: be

Singular			Plural		
<b>′</b> m	John.	(l + <b>am</b> )	We <b>'re</b>		(we + <b>are</b> )
You <b>'re</b>	Sue.	(you + <b>are</b> )	You <b>'re</b>	friends.	(you + <b>are</b> )
He <b>'s</b>	Bill.	(he + <b>is</b> )	They <b>'re</b>		(they + are)
She <b>'s</b>	Mary.	(she + <b>is</b> )			



The short forms with apostrophes (\*) are contractions.

#### Possessive Adjectives: my, your, his, her

#### Singular

**My** name is Fatima. Is **your** name Mona?

**His** name is John. **His** name is George.





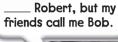
A.	Complete the sentences. Use the correct form	of the verb <b>be</b> .
	1. Mr. Albadri the principal.	<b>4.</b> Rana Atwan a teacher?
	<b>2.</b>   a student.	<b>5.</b> You my best friend.
	3. Matt and Ben classmates.	<b>6.</b> Mr. and Mrs. Johnson married.
В.	Complete the sentences with possessive adject	ctives.
	1. He's a teacher name is Mr. Farhat.	<b>3.</b> He's the director name is Mr. Hariri.
	2. I'm a student name is Aisha.	<b>4.</b> This is Henry last name is Parker.
C.	Complete the conversations. Then practice wi	th a partner.
	<b>1. A:</b> What's name?	<b>3. A:</b> What's name?
	<b>B:</b> His name Luke.	<b>B:</b> Her name is Debbie. She my neighbor
	<b>2. A:</b> Mom, this is Refaa, and this is Asma. They my friends.	<b>4. A:</b> Welcome to English class name is Mrs. Nadia.
	<b>B:</b> Nice to meet	<b>B:</b> Hello, Mrs. Nadia Yasmine.



**D.** Complete the conversations. Use the phrases in the box.

How are you See you later **Good morning** My name is

Nice to meet you **Good evening** 

















# 4 Pronunciation



Listen to the intonation. Then practice. What's your name?

How are you?

How's it going?

# 5 Listening



Listen. Mark the correct response.

- **1. a.** \_\_\_ Not bad.
  - **b.** \_\_\_\_ Thank you.
- **2. a.** \_\_\_\_ My name is Brad.
  - **b.** \_\_\_ Goodbye.
- **3. a.** \_\_\_ Nice to meet you.
  - **b.** \_\_\_\_ I'm OK.

- **4. a.** Good morning, Miss Jones.
  - **b.** \_\_\_\_ Hi. How are you?
- **5. a.** \_\_\_ Goodbye.
  - **b.** \_\_\_\_ Fine, thanks.
- **6. a.** \_\_\_ Nice to meet you.
  - **b.** \_\_\_\_ Take care.

# 6 About You



- 1. How do you spell your first name?
- 2. How do you spell your last name?
- 3. What do your friends call you?
- **4.** What's your best friend's name?
- 5. What's your dad's name?
- **6.** What's your brother's name?
- **7.** What's your teacher's name?
- 8. How are you today?

# **Good Morning!**

# 7 Conversation 💷







Rick: Yes.

Carlos: Hi. I'm Carlos Rodriguez. I'm from your company.

Rick: Nice to meet you, Carlos.

Carlos: Nice to meet you, too. Welcome to Spain.

Rick: Thank you.

**Carlos:** So, is this your first time here?

Rick: Yes. I'm very excited.

Carlos: All our colleagues are at the restaurant, and a big

meal is ready for you.

Great. I'm starving. The food on planes is terrible. Rick:

#### **Your Turn**

You are meeting a stranger at the airport. Make up a conversation with a classmate.

A: Are you	(Mr. / Mrs. / Dr.)	?
------------	--------------------	---

**B:** Yes.

**A:** I'm \_\_\_\_\_.

**B:** Nice \_\_\_\_\_.

**A:** Nice \_\_\_\_\_, too.

A: Welcome to \_\_\_\_\_.

**B:** Thank you.

**A:** \_\_\_\_\_ your first time here?

B: Yes. / No.





#### **Before Reading**

What do you say when you meet someone for the first time?

# A New Student!

Listen to the conversation and then practice in pairs.

Ali: Hi. My name's Ali. What's your name? **Ahmed:** Nice to meet you, Ali. My name's Ahmed.

Are you a new student? Ali: **Ahmed:** Yes, today is my first day here.

Ali: Welcome to the class, Ahmed. Where are

you from?

**Ahmed:** I'm from Abha. Ali: Welcome to Riyadh.

**Ahmed:** Thank you. It's a wonderful place.

#### **Expressions:**

Take care.

How are you today?

Are you from ... How is it going?

See you tomorrow.

Great.

So, is this ... this is ...

Welcome ...

Nice to meet you ... How are you ...

Use expressions from the box above to complete the dialog.

Omar:	Hi, Ali!	

Good morning, Omar. (1) Ali:

Fine, thanks. (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_? Omar:

Great! Omar, (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_ Ahmed. He is a new student. Ali:

Omar: Hi, Ahmed. I'm Omar.

**Ahmed:** (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_, Omar.

Omar: Nice to meet you, too.

(5) \_\_\_\_\_ today, Ahmed? Ali: (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_ your first day here? Omar:

**Ahmed:** Yes, it's my first day at school.

Omar: (8) \_\_\_\_\_ Riyadh?

**Ahmed:** No, I am from Abha.

(9) to Riyadh, Ahmed. Omar:

**Ahmed:** Thank you, Omar.

\_\_\_\_\_. Nice to meet you, Ahmed. Omar: (10) \_\_\_\_\_

**Ahmed:** Nice to meet you, Omar.

Ali: Bye. (11) \_\_\_\_\_

#### **After Reading**

Answer **yes** or **no**.

- 1. Ali is a new student.
- **2.** Ali and Ahmed are in Jeddah.
- **3.** Ahmed is from Abha.



### **Good Morning!**







- A. Match the phrase with the correct response.
  - 1. \_\_\_\_ Where are you from?
  - 2. \_\_\_\_ Hello. My name is Mona.
  - **3.** \_\_\_\_ What's your teacher's name?
  - **4.** \_\_\_\_ Are you a new student?
  - **5.** \_\_\_\_ Goodbye.
  - **6.** \_\_\_\_\_ Welcome to our class.

- a. See you later.
- **b.** Yes, it's my third day here.
- c. Thanks. You're friendly here.
- **d.** Her name is Miss Refaa.
- e. I'm from Dammam.
- f. Nice to meet you. I'm Farah.



#### **Writing Corner**

- 1. Sentences begin with a capital letter and end with a period.
  - **S**he is a new student.

Her name is Farah.

- 2. There is a question mark at the end of a question.
  - Is she a new student?

What is her name?

- 3. For questions with the verb be, the subject and the verb change places.
  - **Ouestion**

**Answer** 

Where is Farah from? **Are you** a new student? Farah is from Dammam. Yes. I'm a new student.

B. Write questions for the answers in the chart. Then, work with a partner to ask and answer the questions. Write your partner's answers below the examples.

Question	Answer	
1.	My name is Farah.	
1.		
2.	Yes, I'm a new student.	
2.		
3.	No. It's my third day at this school.	
3.		
4.	I'm from Dammam.	
٦.		
5.	Miss Amal is my English teacher.	
J.		

C. Work with a partner. Write a conversation to welcome a new student to your school. Use questions and expressions from page 7 and from the activities above.

# 10 Project



Make a list of formal and informal greetings in English. Draw a picture or find a photo for each one.

# 11 Form, Meaning and Function



**A.** Write the correct word below each photo.



- **B.** Match the school supplies with the correct verb.
  - 1. books
- **a.** color
- 2. eraser
- **b.** read
- **3.** pencil
- c. paint
- 4. scissors
- **d.** write
- **5.** paints
- e. cut
- 6. crayon
- **f.** erase
- C. Write the correct verb from exercise B.
  - **1.** We \_\_\_\_\_\_ books.
  - **2.** We \_\_\_\_\_ with scissors.
  - **3.** We \_\_\_\_\_ with a pen or pencil.
  - **4.** We \_\_\_\_\_\_ in our notebooks.
  - **5.** We \_\_\_\_\_ with crayons.



# 2 What Day Is Today?

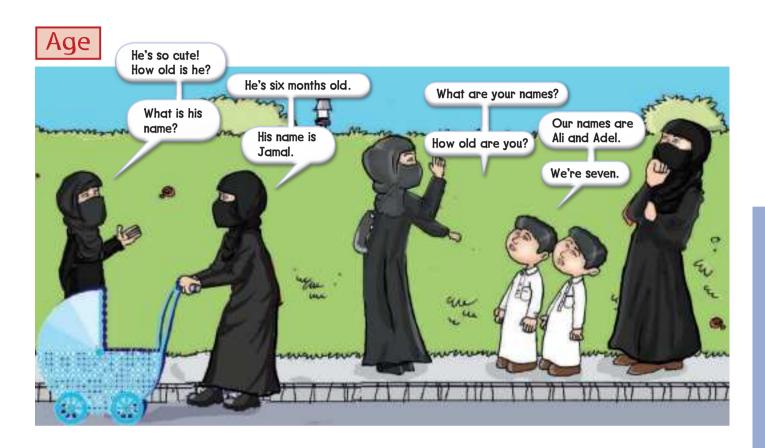


### **Listen and Discuss**



What's your favorite day of the week? What's your favorite month of the year?





### **Quick Check** ✓

- A. Vocabulary. Circle the ages in the conversations.
- **B.** Comprehension. Answer *yes* or *no*.
  - **1.** Jamal is six months old.
  - 2. \_\_\_\_ The boys are ten years old.
  - **3.** \_\_\_\_\_ The baby's name is Abdullah.
  - **4.** \_\_\_\_\_ Their names are Ali and Adel.

# 2 Pair Work 🔀



- A. Ask and answer.
  - What day is today?
  - Today is <u>Saturday</u>.
  - What month is it?
  - It's April.
- **B.** Ask and answer with your information.
  - When is your final test?
  - It's on \_\_\_\_\_.
- **C. Ask** and **answer** in groups of three.
  - How old are you?
  - I'm \_\_\_\_\_ (years old).
  - How old is \_\_\_\_\_?
  - He / She's \_\_\_\_\_.

# **3** Grammar





#### Possessive Adjectives: our, your, their

#### **Plural**

Our vacation is in May.

**Your** vacation is in May, too.

Their vacation is in June.

#### Question Words: What, When, How old

What day is today? It's Sunday. (it's = it + is)

**What** is the date tomorrow? It's January 20th.

**How old** are you? I'm fifteen.

#### Prepositions: in, on with Dates

Use *in* with months and *on* with dates and days of the week.

The final test is **in** September. The final test is **on** September 21st.

English classes are **on** Mondays and Wednesdays.

<b>A.</b> Complete the sentences. Use number words.	
Poecember is the twelfth month of the year.	
1. January is the month of the year.	<b>4.</b> March is the month of the year.
2. July is the month of the year.	<b>5.</b> August is the month of the year.
3. September is the month of the year.	<b>6.</b> May is the month of the year.

**B.** Write the dates in full. **Note:** The month comes first.

1/22 <u>January twenty-second</u>

**1.** 4/13 \_\_\_\_\_

**2.** 2/28

**3.** 6/17 \_\_\_\_\_

**4.** 10/9 \_\_\_\_\_

**5.** 7/4

**C.** Work in pairs to ask each other the dates of important national days in Saudi Arabia.

National Day	Date	
		40 VL



When is the

final test?

D.	Compl	lete the	conversations.	Then	practice	with a	partner.

1.	A:	are John and George?

**B:** \_\_\_\_\_ 15.

**A:** What about Sarah?

**B:** \_\_\_\_\_ 16.

**2. A:** \_\_\_\_\_ are your names?

B: My name \_\_\_\_\_ Lisa, and she \_\_\_\_\_ Sandra.

**A:** How old you?

**B:** We 14.

3. A: They're nice girls.

What are names?

**B:** Pam and Vicky.

They \_\_\_\_\_ in my English class.

**4. A:** \_\_\_\_\_ is your final test?

**B:** It's \_\_\_\_\_ March.

**A:** \_\_\_\_\_ date?

B: March 11th.

A: \_\_\_\_\_ final test is \_\_\_\_\_ the 11th too!

# 4 Listening



Listen to the three conversations. Complete the chart.

	Day	Date
Conversation 1		
Conversation 2		
Conversation 3		

# 5 Pronunciation 😅



Listen to the stress on the words. Then practice.

May Mom Sunday Sep**tem**ber October **Au**gust June Dad **A**pril **teach**er De**cem**ber tomorrow

# 6 About You



- A. Complete the form. Write the information about yourself.
- B. Answer the questions.
  - 1. How old is your best friend?
  - 2. What is your best friend's name?
  - **3.** How old is your pet?
  - **4.** What's your pet's name?

#### **Information Form**

First name:

Middle name(s):

Last name: \_\_\_\_\_

Birth date: \_\_\_\_\_

# What Day Is Today?

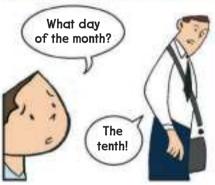
# 7 Conversation 🚨

















### **Your Ending**



#### **Real Talk**

Guess what? = when we tell someone something that will surprise them You're welcome. = a polite reply to "Thank you"

#### **About the Conversation**

- 1. What day of the week is it?
- 2. What month?
- 3. What's the date?
- 4. What is today?

#### **Your Turn**

Role-play the conversation with a partner. Use the ending you like.







#### **Before Reading**

Look at the pictures and the charts. What do you think the reading is about?

# How Old Are They?

Flipper is a dolphin, and he is 5 years old. That is young for a dolphin. It is the age of an 18-year-old person. Flipper is a baby in human years, but he's a teen in dolphin years.





Cleo the cat is one year old. In human years, she's a 15-yearold adolescent.



Ollie the elephant is four years old, and he's only a baby. Samson, his father, is 30. That's still young for an elephant.



Marla is old-even for a turtle. She's 95.



Animal	Life Span	Animal	Life Span
turtle	123 years	horse	33 years
parrot	80 years	rabbit	9 years
elephant	70 years	mouse	4 years







Animal	Age	Human Years	
	1 year	15 years	
cat	5 years	36 years	
	15 years	74 years	



#### **After Reading**

- **1.** How old is Flipper?
- **2.** Is Marla young or old for a turtle? How old is she?
- **3.** How old is Cleo the cat?
- **4.** How old is Cleo in human years?

# Writing





- A. Write the question word: When, Where, What, How. Match each question with the answer.
  - **1.** \_\_\_\_\_ is your first name?
  - **2.** \_\_\_\_\_ do you spell that?
  - **3.** \_\_\_\_\_ old are you?
  - **4.** \_\_\_\_\_ are you from?
  - **5.** \_\_\_\_\_ is your birth date?
  - **6.** \_\_\_\_\_ is your last name?

- a. \_\_\_\_ Chicago.
- **b.** \_\_\_\_ Watkins.
- **c.** \_\_\_\_ Robert.
- **d.** I'm 13.
- **e.** \_\_\_\_\_ W-A-T-K-I-N-S.
- **f.** June 17th, 2002.



#### **Writing Corner**

- 1. Names begin with a capital letter. His name is Saeed Al-Hassan.
- 2. The names of countries and cities begin with a capital letter. I'm from Riyadh, Saudi Arabia.
- 3. Months and days of the week begin with a capital letter. Today is Wednesday, October 16th.
- B. Look at the information form. Look again at the questions in exercise A. Write the question for each piece of information. Complete the form with your information.

1. \_\_\_\_\_

Information Form		
First name:		
Last name:		
City:		
Age:		
Birth date:		

C. Make two more information forms. Then, use the questions to interview two classmates and complete the forms with their information. Remember to ask for spelling.

# 10 Project



Do research and find out the life span of other animals, insects, or plants and say how old they are in human years.



# 11 Form, Meaning and Function



# Classroom English



- A. Work with a partner. Read the instructions to your partner. Your partner only follows the instructions when you say "please." Then change roles.
- **B.** Write the teacher's instructions in the correct order.

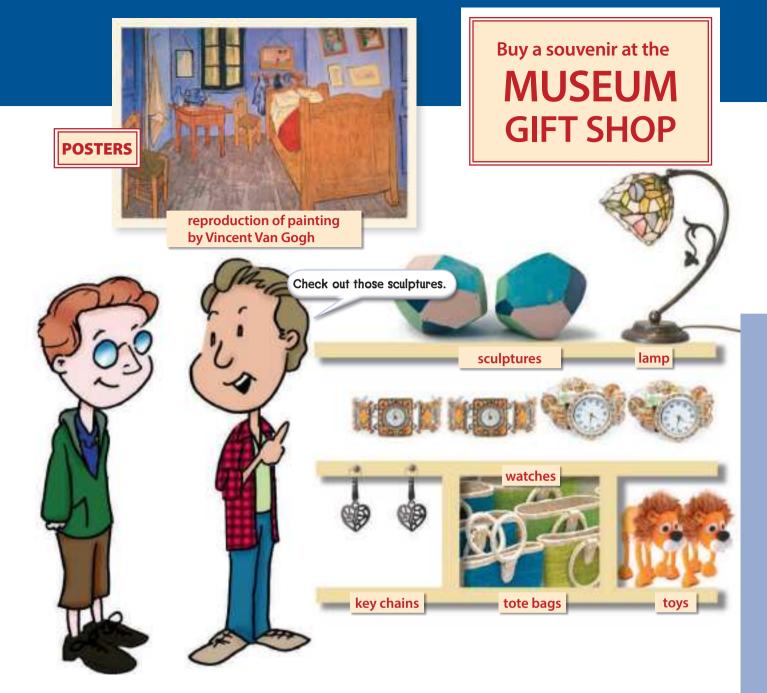
Look at page eighteen.	1
Please sit down.	2
Read the conversation.	3.
Good morning. Let's start.	4.
Open your books.	5.

# 3 What's That?

18







### **Quick Check** ✓

- **A. Vocabulary.** What things in the pictures do you have?
- **B.** Comprehension. Answer *yes* or *no*. Tom says:
  - 1. \_\_\_\_\_ Welcome to school.
  - **2.** \_\_\_\_\_ Follow me.
  - 3. \_\_\_\_\_ Don't take photographs.
  - **4.** \_\_\_\_\_ Look at those paintings.

# 2 Pair Work 🔀



Ask and answer about the items in the museum.

- What's that?
- I think it's <u>a bicycle</u>. / I don't know.
- What are these?
- They're key chains.

# 3 Grammar 👊





This is a famous modern sculpture. That is a water fountain.

#### Demonstrative Pronouns: this / that / these / those

Singular Plural

thistheseUse this/these for things near you.thatthoseUse that/those for things far from you.



#### **Imperatives**

Use the imperative for commands and instructions. Say *please* to be polite.

Affirmative (+) Negative (-)

**Sit** down. / Please **sit** down. **Don't sit** down. / Please **don't sit** down.

Also use the imperative to give advice.

**Buy** those posters. They're nice. **Don't buy** that painting. It's strange.

#### Indefinite Articles: a / an

The indefinite articles a/an come before singular nouns.

Use *a* before words that begin with a consonant sound: **a** radio, **a** calculator, **a** painting. Use *an* before words that begin with a vowel sound: **an** airplane, **an** English class.

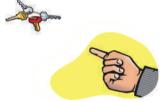


The vowels are a, e, i, o, u.

- A. Work with a partner. Ask and answer. Use this/that or these/those.
  - A: What's this?
  - **B:** It's a pencil.



- **A:** What are those?
- **B:** They're keys.



1. 🖣



2.



3.



4.

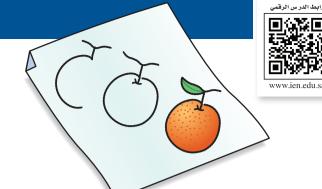


5.



6.





- **B.** Start to draw an object. Ask a partner to guess what you are drawing.
  - **A:** What's this?
  - **B:** It's a bike.
  - A: No, it's not a bike.
  - **B:** It's an orange.
  - A: Yes, that's right.
- **C.** Match the imperatives with the pictures. Write the letters in the blanks.
  - **a.** Pay here.
- **b.** Don't take photographs.
- **c.** Don't use cell phones.
- **d.** Don't touch.











# 4 About You



- **1.** What's in your backpack or bag?
- 2. What's in your desk?

# 5 Listening



Mark and Andy are on a tour of the museum. Listen. Circle the things they see.



# 6 Pronunciation

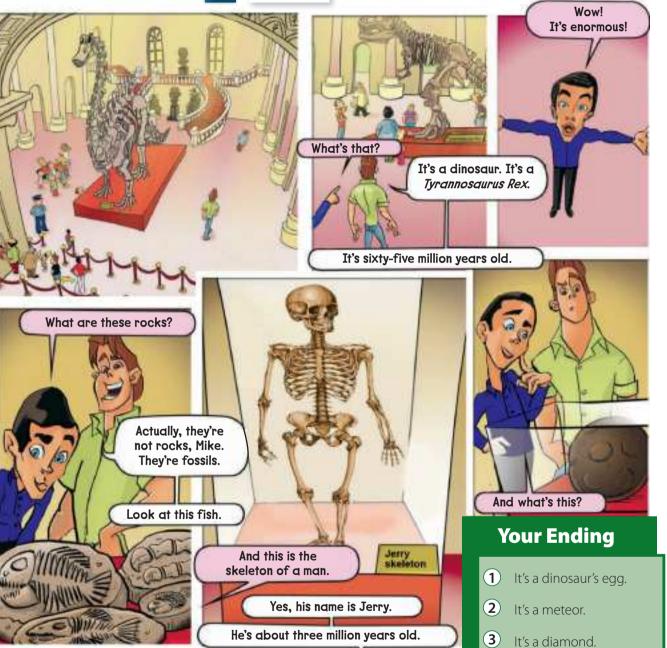


There are two ways to pronounce *th*. Listen. Then practice.

1 this/that **th**ink these/those tenth **th**anks they

# **7** Conversation 🚇





#### **About the Conversation**

Answer **yes** or **no**.

- 1. \_\_\_ The skeleton of the dinosaur is small.
- **2.** \_\_\_ The "rocks" are really fossils.
- **3.** \_\_\_\_ The skeleton's name is Mike.
- **4.** \_\_\_ The skeleton of the man is three million years old.

#### **Your Turn**

Role-play the conversation with a partner. Take your partner around the museum. Try to use different items from the ones in the conversation.

# 8 Reading





#### **Before Reading**

What kinds of things do you see in museums?

# Museum of Science

The museum has a lot of things from the world of science and technology. See over 800 exhibits and over 2.000 interactive units.



Walk through the six-meter model of a human heart.



 See the first spacecraft to go around the moon!



Go inside a German submarine from World War II, 1944.

#### **Special Attractions**

Now Open!

#### **LEONARDO DA VINCI exhibit**

Discover the inventions of the famous painter—a man truly before his time!



# Omnimax 3-D Theater Greece

See the film, and take a journey back in time to the birthplace of Western civilization.

# Museum Science



#### **After Reading**

Complete the sentences.

- **1.** The museum has things from the world of \_\_\_\_\_.
- **2.** The six-meter model is of a \_\_\_\_\_.
- **3.** The inventions are by \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- **4.** The film is about \_\_\_\_\_.

#### **Discussion**

- **1.** Are there museums in your town?
- **2.** What's the most famous museum in your country? What is in it?
- **3.** What's your favorite museum? What section?







A. What is a museum you know? What are your favorite objects in the museum? Write notes in the chart. Describe the age, size, or where the objects are from. You can use words like: old, new, modern, big, small, nice, strange, or interesting.

Mu	Museum:				
Object	Description				

#### **Writing Corner**

- 1. Use the indefinite article *a* or *an* to introduce a singular noun for the first time. The museum has a dinosaur skeleton.
- 2. Use the definite article the to talk about a noun for the second time. The dinosaur skeleton is enormous.
- 3. Add s to most plural nouns. Do not use the article a or an with plural nouns. The museum has many fossils.
- 4. Use the definite article the to talk about plural nouns for the second time. The fossils are about 200 million years old.

B. Read the text. What objects are in the museum? What words describe the objects? Underline the quide's instructions.

Welcome to the National Museum. My name's Hameed. I'm your guide. This exhibit is interesting. Follow me. This is a meteorite. The meteorite is from a crater in the desert. Please, don't touch it. These are dinosaur skeletons. They're big. This skeleton is strange. It isn't a fish. It's a dinosaur from the sea. That's an enormous skeleton of an elephant. The skeleton is about 12 million years old. Please, don't take photographs.

C. Be a museum guide. Write about your favorite objects in a museum. Use your notes from the chart in A and ideas from this unit. Describe the objects and give instructions to the visitors.

# 10 Project



Make a brochure for a museum and label the objects in it. Use drawings or photos from the Internet or magazines.

# 11 Form, Meaning and Function



#### The Definite Article: the

The definite	article the	comes	before	singular	and	plural	nouns.

**the** student **the** students

Use the for specific objects or people that were introduced before or that are known.

Do not use the with plural nouns when talking in general.

He is a tourist. **The** tourist is in New York.

Where are **the** students? They're at **the** art museum.

Teachers work at schools.

Use the for objects that are one of a kind.

the Farth

the sun the moon

the stars the sky the sea



Use the with the names of oceans, seas, rivers, mountain ranges, deserts, groups of states, and monuments.

the Red Sea

the Amazon

**the** Eiffel Tower

the National Museum

**the** Arabian Desert

the Alps

**the** United States

the Pacific Ocean

Do not use the with proper names, possessive adjectives, months, days of the week, meals, games, sports, or with the words home, school, work, business, and vacation when used for their purpose.

Fahd is my brother.

He is in <u>Dubai</u> on <u>business</u>.

Let's play tennis after lunch.

A.	. Write the definite article <i>the</i> where necessary.				
	1	_ Riyadh is	capital of	Saudi Arabia.	
	<b>2.</b> Look in	sky! You can see	e moon an	d stars.	
	<b>3.</b> What is	population of _	United Stat	es?	
	4	_ Pyramids are in	Egypt	Nile is in	Egypt, too.
	5	_ Spanish is	_ official language of	Mexico.	
В.	Write the article	a, an, or the where nece	ssary.		
	<b>1.</b> That is	airplane	airplane is in	sky.	
	<b>2.</b> We play	football in	park on	Saturdays.	
	<b>3.</b> This is	my father. He is a	it work. He	e isteache	er.
	4	_ exhibits at	_ National Museum are	very interesting.	
					museum.

# 4 Around the World



# Listen and Discuss **②**



What place is in the photo? Who are the people in the pictures?



Here are John and Paul. So you're English. Are you from London?

No, we aren't.



Here is Tom Lennon. He's from Australia. Say hi to our viewers.



Country	Nationality	Capital
Brazil	Brazil <b>ian</b>	Brasilia
Canada	Canadian	Ottawa
Egypt	Egypt <b>ian</b>	Cairo
Jordan	Jordan <b>ian</b>	Amman
Russia	Russian	Moscow
Syria	Syr <b>ian</b>	Damascus
England	Engl <b>ish</b>	London
Spain	Span <b>ish</b>	Madrid
Turkey	Turk <b>ish</b>	Ankara
Mexico	Mexic <b>an</b>	Mexico City
United States	Americ <b>an</b>	Washington, D.C.
Venezuela	Venezuel <b>an</b>	Caracas
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	Saud <b>i</b>	Riyadh
Oman	Oman <b>i</b>	Muscat
China	Chinese	Beijing
France	French	Paris
Others:		

### Quick Check &

- A. Vocabulary. What country and nationality names do you use often? Circle them. Add any others to the chart.
- **B.** Comprehension. Answer *yes* or *no*.
  - 1. \_\_\_\_ Dan is in New York.
  - 2. \_\_\_\_\_ Tom isn't Australian.
  - **3.** \_\_\_\_\_ The English tourists aren't from London.
  - **4.** \_\_\_\_\_ The man from China is on vacation.

# 2 Pair Work 🔀



- A. Ask and answer.
- 1. <u>Is Dan</u> from New York?
  - Yes, <u>he is.</u> / No, <u>he isn't</u>.
- **2.** Where is Tom from?
  - He's from Australia.
- **3.** What's <u>his</u> nationality?
  - He's Chinese.

- **B.** Ask and answer about yourself.
- 1. Where are you from?
- 2. What's your nationality?
- **3.** What's the capital of your country?

# **3** Grammar

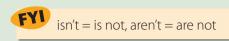




#### Verb: be

#### Negative (-)

ľm	not		(am not)
You	aren't		(are not)
Не		from the U.S.	
She	isn't		(is not)



We		
	aren't	from the U.S.
They		

#### **Ouestions (?)**

lt

Are	you	
	he	
ls	she	
	it	
Are	we	
	they	

#### **Short Answers (+)**

		am.
	he	
Yes,	she	is.
	it	
	we	are.
	they	

#### Short Answers (-)

	l′m	not.
	he	
Vo,	she	isn't.
	it	
	we	aren't.
	they	

#### **Question Word: Where**

٧	۷	h	e	r	e
¥	v	ш	C	ш	C

| are | you/they | from? is he/she/it

from Saudi Arabia?

#### Prepositions: from, in, on

Sally is **from** England. Rome is **in** Italy.

Mr. Omar is here **on** business.

Pat is **on** vacation.

- **A.** Complete the conversations. Then practice with a partner.
- **1. A:** \_\_\_\_\_ they Russian?
  - **B:** No, they \_\_\_\_\_.
  - **A:** What \_\_\_\_\_ their nationality?
  - **B:** They \_\_\_\_\_ Polish.
- **2. A:** \_\_\_\_\_ are you from?
  - **B:** We \_\_\_\_\_ from Mexico.
  - **A:** \_\_\_\_\_ you on vacation?
  - **B:** Yes, we \_\_\_\_\_.

- **3. A:** \_\_\_\_\_ your friend Japanese?
  - **B:** No, he \_\_\_\_\_.
  - **A:** Where \_\_\_\_\_ he from?
  - **B:** He from Vietnam.
- **4. A:** \_\_\_\_\_ from Jordan?
  - **B:** Yes, I am.
  - A: \_\_\_\_\_ it hot there?
  - **B:** Yes, it \_\_\_\_\_.
- **B.** Agree or disagree with the following information.
- The official language in Brazil is Spanish.
- 1. The capital of China is Beijing.
- 2. The capital of Korea is Manila.
- 3. Manchester and Liverpool are in Spain.
- **4.** The official languages in Canada are English and French.

No, it isn't. It's Portuguese.

- **5.** The primary language in Mexico is Spanish.

# 4 Pronunciation





With telephone numbers and addresses, we often say "oh" for zero.

With email addresses:

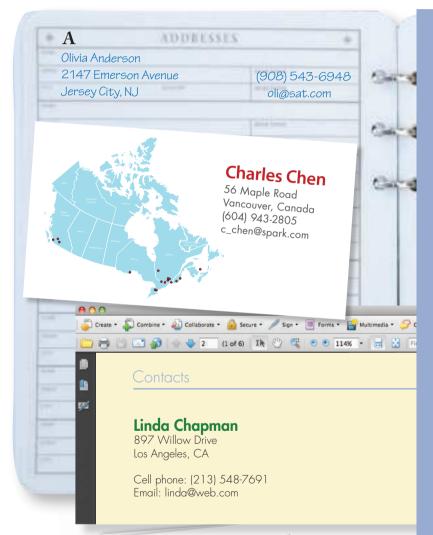
 $\mathbf{a} = at$  $\cdot = dot$ 

\_ = underscore

A. Listen and repeat.

Telephone Numbers	Emails	Addresses
754-9730	bwilson@web.com	297 Birch Street
603-861-5278	lia_byrd@spark.com	1560 Riverside Avenue

- **B.** Work with a partner. Ask and answer. Use your own information and the information on the right.
- **1. A:** What's your telephone number?
  - B: It's 474-6893.
  - **A:** What's the area code?
  - **B:** It's 305.
  - **A:** What's the country code?
  - **B:** It's 1.
- 2. A: What's your address?
  - B: It's 219 King Street.
  - **A:** What's your email address?
  - **B:** It's mike\_jones@worldnet.com.
- 3. A: What's his/her telephone number?
  - **B:** It's \_\_\_\_\_
  - **A:** What's his/her address?
  - **B:** It's \_\_\_\_\_

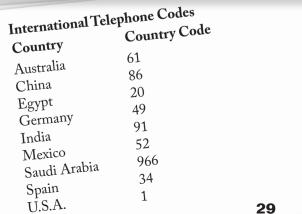


# 5 Listening



Listen. Mark the correct answer.

4. a. nat@star.com
<b>b.</b> ned@star.com
<b>5. a.</b> 80 Park Lane
<b>b.</b> 18 Park Lane
<b>6. a.</b> country code 13
<b>b.</b> country code 30



#### Around the World

# **6** Conversation **4**





#### **Real Talk**

Excuse me. = an expression to get someone's attention How about you? = a way to ask someone the same question



#### **About the Conversation**

- 1. Where is Alberto from?
- 2. Is he a student?
- **3.** Is Michael on business?
- **4.** What's his nationality?

#### **Your Turn**

Role-play conversations like the one above. Use different countries.

# 7 About You 📓



- 1. Where are you from?
- 2. What's your nationality?
- **3.** What's your first language?
- **4.** What's your address / email address?
- **5.** What's your telephone number?
- **6.** What countries are your friends from?

# 8 Reading





#### **Before Reading**

Look at the pictures and the map. What do you think the reading is about?

# Lapland:

The Land of the Midnight Sun



My name is Hannun, and I'm from Lapland. Lapland is a region in Finland near the Arctic Circle. It's very cold, and from December to January, it's dark most of the time. I live here with my family and my reindeer.



The main city of Lapland is Rovaniemi. It's a famous town in the north of Finland. In the Arctic, people see beautiful skies. The darkest time of the year is on December 21st. There is no sunlight from October. The sun comes out again on March 21st. The Arctic has light all day for the whole summer. This is called the midnight sun.

#### **After Reading**

Complete the chart.

Name of person	
Region	
Country	
Famous town	

# Around the World







- A. Read the information in the Writing Corner with your teacher. Then, work with a partner to ask and answer the questions with the information given.
  - 1. What is your name?
  - **2.** What is your home address?
  - **3.** What is your telephone number?
  - **4.** What is your cell phone number?
  - **5.** What is your email address?

Munamais	(valir nama)	
My name is	(your name)	

My address is 25674 Pine Street.

My telephone number is (321) 867-4950.

My cell phone number is 797-300-4953.

My email address is a.friend@mail.sa.

#### **Writing Corner**

- 1. Street names begin with a capital letter. His address is 194 Tower Road.
- 2. Put the area code for a telephone number in parentheses. Put a dash after three numbers. Say each number one at a time. For the number 0, we say zero or oh. (555) 920-1433 Say: five, five, nine, two, oh, one, four, three, three.
- 3. Email addresses usually don't have capital letters. After the name, we say at and write the symbol @. After the server we say dot and write a period.

myname@server.com Say: my name at server dot com. b.smith@mail.ca Say: B dot Smith at mail dot C A.

B. Complete the student information form with your information. Make two more information forms. Ask two classmates questions and complete the forms with their information.

Check that the information is correct. Repeat the information to your classmate or ask: "Can you repeat that, please?"

	Student Information	
Name:		
Address:		
Telephone:		
Cell phone:		
Email:		
Cell phone:		



C. Make a new student information form for your teacher with: your name, home address, telephone number, cell phone number, and email address. Your teacher can make a class directory.

# 10 Project



In a group, make a poster with the following information about your country: capital, population, language(s), main cities, and places of interest.

# 11 Form, Meaning and Function



Sure.

#### Requests and Offers: Can / Will

Use can or will for requests.

Refuse Request Agree Will you help me? Sure. Sorry. I'm busy. **Will** you be my partner? Of course. Sorry. I can't.

**Can** you open the window? OK.

Can you give me a pencil? No problem.

Use can or will for offers.

Offer Accept Refuse I can help you. Thank you. No thanks.

I **will** be your partner. All right. No, that's all right.

I will open the window. OK. No, that's OK.

I can give you a pencil. Thanks. Can you open the window, please?

Thank you.

Be polite. Say *please*, thank you, and you're welcome.

You're welcome

A. Write polite requests with can and will.

Help me.

- ? Can you help me, please? / Will you help me, please?
- 1. Give me your email address.
- 2. Write your telephone number.
- 3. Tell me the country code for Saudi Arabia.
- **4.** Spell your name.
- 5. Repeat that.
- **B.** Practice the requests and offers with a partner. Your partner agrees, accepts, or refuses. Then change roles. Remember to be polite.

# **EXPANSION** Units 1-4

# 1 Language Review



**A.** Write the words in the correct columns.

ES		
ets/Animals	Wo	rds to Describe
		<b>n</b> odern
	ets/Animals	ets/Animals Wo

**B.** Complete the questions. Use **What**, **When**, **Where**, **Who**, or **How**. Then write answers. Use your own information.

1	is your nationality?	
2	are your friends from?	My friends
3	old is your partner?	He/She
4	is your best friend?	His/Her name
5	is your friend's email?	My friend's email
6	is this in your backpack?	lt
7	is your pet's name?	My

**C.** Circle the correct response for each question or statement.

#### **Question/Statement** 1. How's it going? Not bad. / I'm going home. 2. See you tomorrow. Goodbye. / How are you? **3.** Good evening, Mrs. White. Good night. / Good evening. Take care. / You're welcome. **4.** Thank you. **5.** Is this your first time here? No, it's my last. / Yes, it is.

**D.** Complete the conversation between a tour guide and a family of tourists.

A:	V	ou	Oma	r?
	/			

**B:** Yes, \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A: I'm Frank Lawson. I'm your guide.

B: Nice \_\_\_\_\_\_ you, Frank.

This \_\_\_\_\_ my family. Those \_\_\_\_\_

my children over there.

**A:** What \_\_\_\_\_ their names?

**B:** The boy's name is Adel, and the girl's

\_\_\_\_\_ Mona.

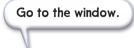
**A:** \_\_\_\_\_ are they?

**B:** Adel is twelve, and Mona is ten.

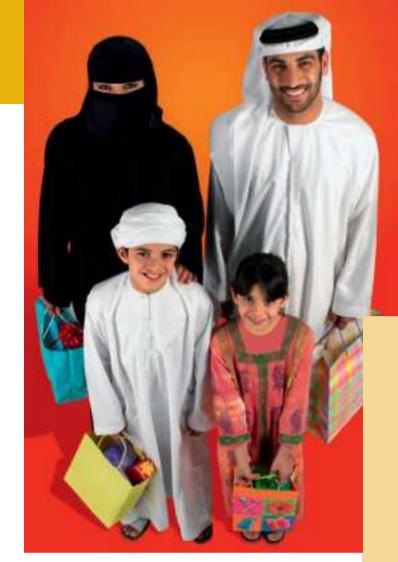
A: Nice family!

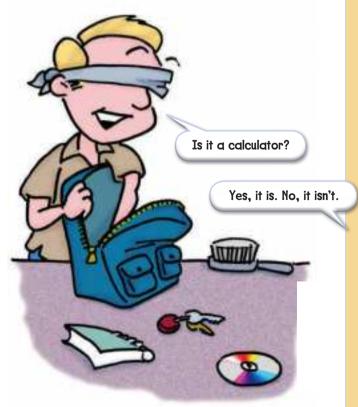
**B:** Thank you.

**E.** Work in groups of three. Write down six commands. Give the commands to another group. They follow the commands.



- F. Guess what it is.
- 1. Give some items to your teacher. Example: pencil, pen, keys, hairbrush, cell phone, etc. Your teacher puts the items into a bag or backpack.
- **2.** One student puts on a blindfold. The student chooses an item, feels it, and says what it is.
- **3.** The class says if the student is right or wrong.





# 2 Reading



#### **Before Reading**

Look at the photos. What do you know about the Dominican Republic?

Read the ad, and complete the questionnaire. Then complete the form.





# Win a Free Trip to the Caribbean!

This is a special contest from Caribbean Cruises. Mark all the correct answers, and win a free trip on one of our ships! You can win a trip from Miami to the Dominican Republic.

- 1. The capital of the Dominican Republic is
  - \_\_\_\_\_ Santiago.
  - Santo Domingo.
    - San Juan.
- **2.** \_\_\_\_\_ Football | is the national sport.
  - \_\_\_\_\_ Baseball Surfing

Spanish

- **3.** \_\_\_\_\_ English French

is the official language.

- **4.** The Dominican Republic is located on the island of
  - Puerto Rico.
  - \_\_\_\_ Jamaica.
  - \_\_\_\_ Hispaniola.
- **5.** The principal industry is
  - coconuts. \_\_\_\_ tourism.
  - pineapples.



Win-a-Trip Contest P.O. Box 247 Miami, FL 33156

We choose one entry at random, and that is the winner.

Name

Address

Age \_\_\_\_

Telephone \_\_\_

Email

**Answers:** misimoj. ¿ bloinedzi. 4. Alsinedz. & libadesea . 4. ognimod ośneż. I



- **B.** Write about your country. Use the questions to help you write.
- **1.** Where is your country? What countries is it near?
- **2.** What is the capital of your country?
- **3.** What is the official language(s)?
- **4.** What is a famous place in your country?
- **5.** What sports are popular in your country?
- **6.** What is the principal industry?

noundonno
My country is
It is near
The capital is
The official language is
A famous place is
A popular sport is
My country is famous for

# 4 Chant Along 🔀



# Orders, Orders Everywhere



Orders, orders, All around. Give me a break-I eave me alone. Do this, do that, And what for? I'm not a kid Anymore.

Get up, get up, Say hello, Brush your teeth, It's time to go. Hurry, hurry, You'll be late. The bus is here-It can't wait.

Chorus

Please come in And close the door. Put your backpacks On the floor. Stop your talking. Open your books. Find a partner. Work in groups.

#### Chorus

Make your bed, Clean your room, Sweep the floor, Use the broom. What's that noise? Stop it now. Do your homework. Get off the phone.

Chorus



#### **Vocabulary**

A.	Match	the	two	parts	of the	e sen	tences

1.	Please	
----	--------	--

**a.** a partner.

2.	Get off	

**b.** the door.

3. Work with

**c.** come in.

**4.** Close

**d.** to sweep.

**5.** Use the broom \_\_\_\_\_

**e.** the phone.





#### **Before School**

#### Classroom

#### After School

Ι.				
2				

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 1. \_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_

## 4. 4.

#### **Comprehension**

#### Answer **yes** or **no**.

- **1.** The chanter is happy.
- **4.** \_\_\_\_\_ The chanter is a student.
- **2.** \_\_\_\_ The chanter is a child.
- **5.** \_\_\_\_\_ The chanter's transportation is a bike.
- **3.** \_\_\_\_\_ The bus isn't late.
- **6.** The chanter likes orders.

#### Writing

Write two orders that you don't like at home and two that you don't like in class. Compare with a partner.

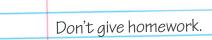
#### At Home

#### In Class

# 5 Project 🍱



Work in a group. Prepare a set of school rules that students would like.









# **5** Families, Families



# 1 Listen and Discuss



- 1. Do people in your country usually have big or small families?
- 2. Which family in the pictures is most like yours?
- 3. Where are the cities? Mark them on the map. Mark your city/town, too.

# Families Around the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia



Ali with his wife Noura and their baby son Hussain

▲ Hussain is an only child.

Grandfather Ibrahim has a big family, with many uncles, aunts, and cousins.



Grandfather Ibrahim and Grandmother Fatima with children and grandchildren



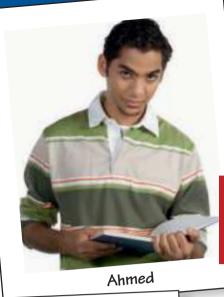
3 Jeddah



Hameed with his wife Sabah and their children

Hameed and Sabah are the parents of three children—Majid, Mariam, and Badria. Omar with his wife Refaa and their teenage son Faisal

▲ Faisal doesn't have any brothers and sisters.



Ahmed's family.

And this is



grandmother Wife

▲ Adel and Asma are Ahmed's grandparents. Adel is Asma's husband. Asma is Adel's wife.



uncle son



aunt

▲ Hameed is Ahmed's uncle. Mona is Ahmed's aunt, Hameed is Adel and Asma's son. Hameed and Mona are married.



daughter

cousin

# **Quick Check** ✓

- A. Vocabulary. Answer with words for family members.
  - 1. Who's your uncle's wife?
  - 2. Who's your mother's father?
  - 3. Who's your father's brother?
  - **4.** Who's your aunt's daughter?
- **B.** Comprehension. Answer the questions about Ahmed's family.
  - 1. How many children does Hameed have?
  - 2. Who is Adel's wife?
  - 3. How many brothers does Farah have?
  - 4. Who is Mona's husband?

▲ Ali and Farah are Hameed and Mona's son and daughter. They are Ahmed's cousins.

# 2 Pair Work



Ask and answer about yourself.

- 1. Oo you have any brothers and sisters?
  - Yes, I have one brother and two sisters.

OR

No, I don't. / No. I'm an only child.

- **2.** What are the names of your family members?
  - My brother's name is \_\_\_\_\_.

My brothers' names are \_\_\_\_\_.

# **3** Grammar





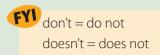
#### Verb: have

#### Affirmative (+)

1	have	
You		
He/She	has	a sister.
We		
You	have	
Thev		

#### Negative (-)

Vou	don't	
You He/She	doesn't	have
We	d =/4	
You They	don't	



a sister.

#### Questions (?)

Do	you/we/they	have	a sister?
Does	he/she		

#### **Short Answers (+)**

Jiloi Ci Mish Ci S (1)			
Yes,	I/we/they	do.	
	he/she	does.	

#### Short Answers (-)

No,	I/we/they	don't.
	he/she	doesn't.

#### Quantity Expressions: any, a lot of/lots of

**Q:** Do you have **any** brothers and sisters?

**Q:** Do you have **any** cousins?

**A:** No, I don't have **any** brothers and sisters.

A: Yes, I have a lot of (lots of) cousins.

#### Possessives: 's



#### Question Words: How many, Who

**Q:** How many cousins do you have?

**A:** I have a lot of cousins.

**Q: Who** are these children?

**A:** They're my cousins.

- **A.** Complete the sentences with possessives ending in 's or s'. Use the underlined words.
- Prian has a sister. She is Brian's sister.
  - 1. My <u>brother</u> has a cat. That's my \_\_\_\_\_ cat.
  - 2. The girls have a brother. That's the \_\_\_\_\_ brother.
  - 3. Mrs. Smith has a daughter. That's \_\_\_\_\_ baby.
  - **4.** My grandfather has a sister. She is my \_\_\_\_\_ sister.
  - **5.** The boys have an uncle. That is the \_\_\_\_\_ uncle.



**B.** Ask questions for exercise **A**.

Does Brian have a sister?



**C.** Ask your classmates about their families. Write their names.

Find someone who	Name
1. has only one brother	
2. has two brothers	
3. is an only child	
4. comes from a big family	

D.	Comp	lete the	conversat	on. Use	do, d	lon't, h	ave, or	has.
----	------	----------	-----------	---------	-------	----------	---------	------

Maha: Do you \_\_\_\_\_ any brothers and sisters? **Fatima:** No, I \_\_\_\_\_. I come from a small family. I'm an only child. How about you? I come from a big family. I \_\_\_\_\_ two Maha: brothers and three sisters. My father \_\_\_\_\_ three sisters, and my mother \_\_\_\_\_ three

brothers and a sister.

\_\_\_\_\_ you have many cousins? Fatima:

Maha: Oh, yeah. Lots.



**E.** Role-play the conversation in exercise **D** with a partner.

# 4 Listening



Listen. Complete the chart about Sarah's family.

How many?	She has
brothers	
sisters	
uncles	
aunts	
cousins	

# 5 Pronunciation



Listen to the pronunciation of **Do you...?** Notice how the words are pronounced together quickly. Then practice.

**Do you** have a brother?

**Do you** have any cousins?

# Families, Families

# **6** Conversation





**Sabah:** Tell me about your family.

**Badria:** Well, I come from a big family. I have four sisters, no

brothers.

**Sabah:** Five girls in your family! Wow! Are any of your sisters

married?

**Badria:** Yes, one is married, and the others are all single.

I've got a little nephew and a little niece.

**Sabah:** So, you're an aunt.

**Badria:** Yeah. I'm an aunt! How about you?

**Sabah:** I'm an only child, but I have lots of cousins.

**Badria:** Do you miss having a brother or sister?

**Sabah:** Not really. I have the house all to myself!

#### **About the Conversation**

- 1. How many brothers and sisters does Badria have?
- 2. How many are not married?
- **3.** Is Badria an aunt?
- 4. How about Sabah?
- **5.** Does she miss having a brother or sister?

#### **Your Turn**

Bring a photo of a family or draw an imaginary family. Describe the family members to a partner or a group.

This is \_\_\_\_\_. His/Her name is . He/She is \_\_\_\_\_ years old.

#### **Real Talk**

I've got = I have Not really. = No. Not very much.

# 7 About You 🔀



- 1. Do you have a big or small family?
- **2.** How many brothers and sisters do you have?
- **3.** How many uncles and aunts do you have?
- **4.** How many cousins do you have?

- **5.** How old are your brothers and sisters?
- 6. Who is your favorite uncle/aunt/cousin?
- 7. Do you have any nephews and nieces?

# 8 Reading





#### **Before Reading**

What do you know about the royal families around the world?

# Famous Royal Families in Europe

#### The British Royal Family ▶

Prince Charles has two sons. Their names are William and Harry. Their grandmother is Queen Elizabeth, and their grandfather is Prince Philip. Princes Andrew and Edward are their uncles, and Princess Anne is their aunt. William and Harry have many cousins.



◆ The Swedish Royal Family King Carl Gustav and his wife. Oueen Silvia, have three children: two daughters and one son—Princess Victoria, Prince Carl Philip, and Princess Madeleine. Princess Victoria is the future queen.

## The Spanish Royal Family >

King Juan Carlos I and Queen Sophia have one son and two daughters: Prince Felipe and Princesses Elena and Cristina. All are married. The king and queen have many grandchildren. They are a big family.



The European royal families are related in many ways: Queen Elizabeth and Prince Philip of Britain and King Carl Gustav of Sweden are all great-great grandchildren of Queen Victoria of England. Also, Prince Philip's grandparents (on his father's side) are the great-grandparents of Queen Sophia of Spain. So Prince Philip and Queen Sophia are second cousins.

#### After Reading

Role-play with a partner. Ask the royals about their families.

- 1. To Prince Charles: how many / sons
- 2. To William: brother's / name
- 3. To King Carl Gustav: how many / children
- 4. To Oueen Silvia: husband's / name

#### Discussion

- 1. Does your country have a king or a queen? What are their names?
- **2.** Who is the ruler or leader of your country? Is it a king, a president, or a prime minister?







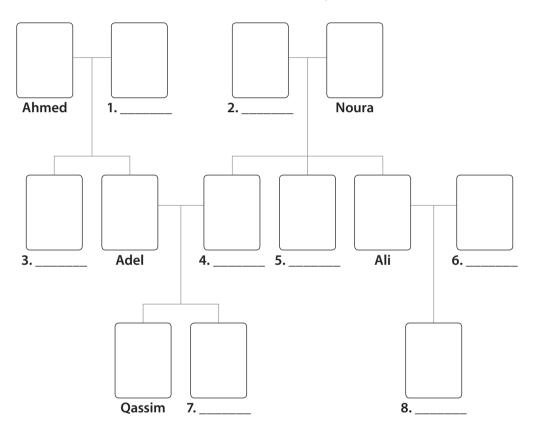
Write about the Saudi royal family.

# Writing



A. Read the text and write the names in the family tree. Draw faces for the people.

This is Qassim's family. His parents' names are Adel and Sahar. He has one sister. Her name's Amina. His father's parents are Ahmed and Farah. They have two children: Adel and Majida. Aunt Majida isn't married. Qassim's other grandparents are Hameed and Noura. Their children's names are Sahar, Fahd, and Ali. Uncle Ali is married. His wife's name is Maha. They have one child. He's Qassim's cousin, Faisal.



#### **Writing Corner**

1. Use an apostrophe + s ('s) to show possession after names and singular nouns and an apostrophe (') for regular plural nouns.

This is Ahmed's book. My brothers' names are Fahd and Ali.

2. Use an apostrophe (') for contractions.

He's my brother. I don't have a sister. We're cousins. He doesn't have a brother.

B. Create an imaginary family tree. Give names to the family members. Write a paragraph about the family.

# 11 Form, Meaning and Function



#### **Regular and Irregular Plural Nouns**

#### **Regular Plural Nouns**

boxes

buses

box

bus

To make a	a noun plural	, add -s at <sup>.</sup>	the end	of the word	١.
book	book <b>s</b>	b	ike	bike <b>s</b>	

For nouns that end in s, ss, sh, ch, and x, add -es. Some nouns that end in o also have -es in plural.

glasses glass dish dish**es** 

match**es** match tomato tomatoes radio radio**s** 

For nouns that end in a consonant and y, change the -y to -ies.

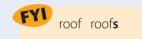
baby babies lady ladies city cities

But when the noun ends in a vowel and v. add -s.

boy boys dav davs key keys

Some nouns that end in f or fe, change to -ves in the plural.

knife knives half halves leaf leaves



#### **Irregular Plural Nouns**

man men child children woman women foot feet tooth teeth people person

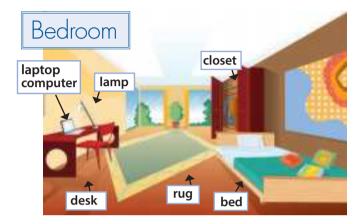
- A. Look at the families on page 40. Write the plural of the word in parentheses.
  - 1. Hameed and Omar are \_\_\_\_\_ (man). They are \_\_\_\_\_ (husband).
  - 2. Sabah and Refaa are \_\_\_\_\_ (woman). They are \_\_\_\_\_ (wife).
  - 3. Hameed and Sabah are \_\_\_\_\_ (parent). They have two \_\_\_\_\_ (daughter) and one son. They have three \_\_\_\_\_ (child). Their family has five \_\_\_\_\_ (person).
  - **4.** Faisal is an only child. He doesn't have any \_\_\_\_\_\_ (brother) and \_\_\_\_\_ (sister).
  - **5.** The two \_\_\_\_\_ (family) live in different \_\_\_\_ (city).
- B. Write the plural.
- those men **1.** that man 2. this tooth
  - **3.** this key
  - **4.** that house
  - **5.** this watch
- **6.** that address \_\_\_\_\_
- **7.** that tree
- 8. this shelf
- **9.** that country \_\_
- **10.** this camera \_

6 Is There a View? Living Room

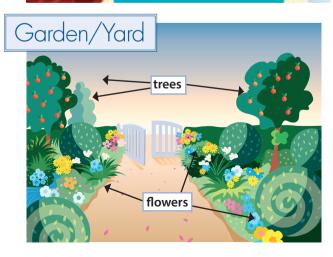
# 1 Listen and Discuss 🕡

n and Discuss [

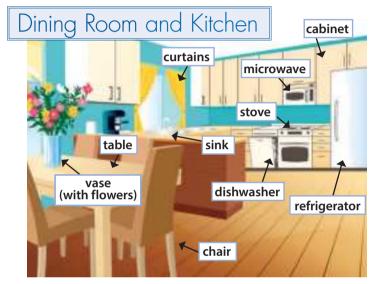
Look at the rooms in this house. What is the same in your home? What is different?

















Jim's house is nice and big. It has three bedrooms and two bathrooms upstairs. Downstairs there's a living room, a dining room, and a kitchen. There's a pretty garden in front of the house. Behind the house, there are trees.

Omar's apartment is small, but it's very nice and comfortable. It has one bedroom and one bathroom. There's a comfortable living room, and there's a modern kitchen. There isn't a yard. But the apartment has a balcony with a beautiful view.

## **Quick Check** ✓

- **A. Vocabulary.** Circle the things you have in your house.
- **B.** Comprehension. Answer *yes* or *no* about the house on page 48.
  - 1. \_\_\_\_ There's a rug in the bedroom.
  - 2. \_\_\_\_ There isn't a dishwasher in the kitchen.
  - **3.** \_\_\_\_\_ There are trees in the yard.
  - **4.** \_\_\_\_\_ There aren't any flowers in the dining room.
  - **5.** \_\_\_\_\_ There is a motorcycle in the garage.

# 2 Pair Work 🔀



- **A.** Ask and answer about the rooms in the pictures.
- Is there a TV in the bedroom?
- Are there curtains in the kitchen?

No, there isn't.

- Yes, there are.
- B. Ask and answer about Jim's and Omar's homes.
  - Is there a garden in front of Jim's house?
  - Yes, there is.
- **C.** Ask and answer about your home.
  - What's in your bedroom?
  - There's a bed, a desk, and a closet.

# **3** Grammar





#### There is / There are

Singular

Affirmative (+)

**There is** (or **There's**) a table in the kitchen.

Negative (-)

There isn't a bathroom downstairs.

Ouestions (?)

**Is there** a table in the kitchen? **Are there** flowers on the table?

**Plural** 

There are four people at the table.

**There aren't** trees in front of the house.

Short Answers (+)
Yes, **there is.**Yes, **there are.** 

Short Answers (-) No, **there isn't.** 

No, there aren't.

#### Prepositions: in, in front of, behind, on, under



The mouse is **in** the box.



The mouse is **in front of** the cat. The cat is **behind** the mouse.

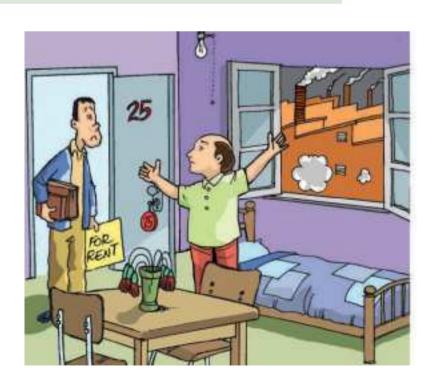


The cat is **on** the balcony. The mouse is **under** the balcony.

A.	Us	mplete the conversatio e <b>there is / there are</b> or <b>ere isn't / there aren't</b> .	n.
	A:	This room is great	
		a nice bed.	
	B:	Is there a sofa?	
	A:	No,	But
		chairs and a t	able.
	B:	Is there a bathroom?	
	A:	Yes,	. It's upstairs.
	B:	Is there a TV?	
	A:	No,	.This is a room

**B.** Role-play the conversation in exercise **A** with a partner.

for a student.





C. Compare Ali's and Adel's apartments. Share your sentences with a partner.

Adel's apartment has two bathrooms. Ali's apartment has one bathroom. There is a living room in Adel's apartment.

Ali's apartment

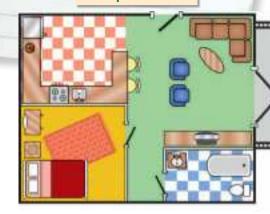
There is a living room in Ali's apartment, too.

#### Adel's apartment









# 4 Listening



Listen. Draw or write the names of the missing objects in the room.



# 5 Pronunciation



Listen to the rising intonation. Then practice.

Is there a garage?

Are there curtains?

Are there flowers? Is there a cat on the sofa?

Is there a microwave? Are there pictures on the wall?

## Is There a View?

# **6** Conversation **4**









What's your home like? John:

Tom: It isn't big. There are only two

bedrooms: one for my parents, and

one for my brother and me.

And what's your favorite room? John:

Tom: The bedroom. It has my computer.

How about you?

My favorite room is the living room. John:

Why? Tom:

# **Your Ending**



1) Because it has a huge high-definition TV.



(2) Because there's a nice view.



(3) Because there's a great sound system.

#### **About the Conversation**

- 2. Who shares the bedroom with Tom?
- **3.** What's Tom's favorite room? Why?
- **4.** What's John's favorite room?

#### 1. How many bedrooms are there in Tom's house?

A. Tell a partner about your home.

It's \_\_\_\_\_. It has \_\_\_\_\_. There is / are .

**Your Turn** 

**B.** Discuss your favorite room.

My favorite room is . There is / are \_\_\_\_\_. It has \_\_\_\_\_.

# 7 About You 📓



- 1. What's in your bedroom?
- 2. What's under your bed?

# 8 Reading





#### **Before Reading**

What's unusual about these two houses?

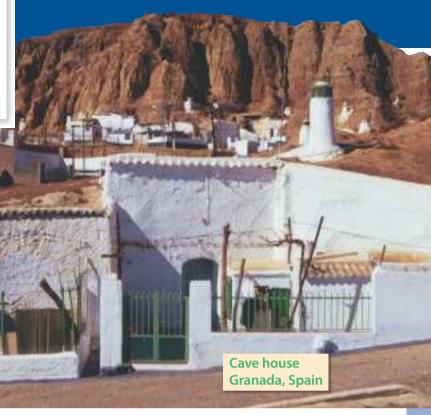
# Unusual Houses

Some people have very unusual houses.



#### Houseboats

There are over 10,000 houseboats in the Netherlands. Many are on Amsterdam's canals. These are old barges that are now homes. Lots of artists and young people like to live on the houseboats. Also, Amsterdam is very crowded, and there are not enough houses for everyone, especially in the city center. So houseboats offer people the chance to live right in the city. Houseboats in Amsterdam have one thing in common: they all look different.



#### **Cave Houses**

There are many cave homes in southern Spain. However, the homes are made by people and are not natural formations. These houses date back to the eighth century. The area near Granada is very hot in summer and cold in winter. But the temperature in the cave homes is about 19 to 20 degrees Celsius all year round. The houses have electricity and running water, and they are dry and comfortable. Some cave houses are very large and have ten rooms or more. The houses are usually very quiet, too.

#### **After Reading**

- 1. Are the cave houses cold or hot?
- 2. Do they have modern facilities?
- **3.** How big are the cave houses?
- **4.** How many houseboats are there in the Netherlands?
- **5.** Who likes to live on houseboats?

#### **Discussion**

Are there any unusual houses in your town or country? What are they like?







A. Complete the chart with notes that describe your home. What things are in each room? What words describe the rooms? What is your favorite room? Why?

Room	Description
Kitchen	
Living Room	
Bedroom(s)	
Bathroom	
Other:	
Other:	

#### **Writing Corner**

- 1. Use and to connect words and ideas that are similar. Use commas for a list. The kitchen is big **and** modern. There's a closet, a bed, and a desk in my room.
- 2. Use but to connect opposite ideas. Put a comma before but when there is a subject. My room is small **but** comfortable. My room isn't very big, but it's comfortable.
- 3. The place (where) goes at the end or the beginning of a sentence. When it is at the beginning, put a comma after the phrase. There are pretty flowers in the garden. In the garden, there are pretty flowers
- **B.** Read the text. Circle the adjectives that describe the home or the things in it.

Our home is a modern apartment in the city. It's on the seventh floor. The apartment isn't big, but it's very comfortable. It has two bedrooms, a bathroom, a kitchen, and a living room. There isn't a dining room, but the kitchen has a table and chairs. My favorite room is the living room. It has large windows and a balcony. There are some pretty flowers on the balcony. The best thing is that there's a great view of the city!

C. Describe your home. Use your notes from the chart in exercise A and ideas from this unit.



# 10 Project



Tell the class about your dream house. Find pictures on the Internet or in magazines. Make a poster.

# 11 Form, Meaning and Function



#### Coordinating Conjunctions: and, but, or

Conjunctions connect words and ideas in a sentence. Use and to connect words and ideas that are similar.

There is a sofa, an armchair, **and** a table in the living room. We read **and** write in class.

Use but to connect contrasting ideas.

I can speak English, **but** I can't speak French. There are flowers in the garden, **but** there aren't any trees.

Use or when there is a choice.

You can sit on the sofa **or** the armchair. You can write the word **or** draw a picture.





Α.	Write sentences wit	h <b>and</b> to d	describe the	kitche	en in picture A.
----	---------------------	-------------------	--------------	--------	------------------

- 1. There is
- **B.** Write sentences with **but** to describe how picture B is different from picture A.
- There is a microwave, but <u>it isn't above the stove.</u>
- **C.** Work with a partner. Student A: choose a kitchen. Student B: ask questions with **or** to find out which kitchen it is. Change roles.
- **A:** Is there a microwave above the stove, or is it on the counter?
  - **B:** It's on the counter.
  - **A:** It's picture B!





# **3** Grammar





#### Verb: live + Preposition

Where do you live?

| **live in** Jeddah. (city) | **live on** the third floor. (building) | **live on** First Avenue. (street)

#### Prepositions of Place: across from, between, next to, on, near, far from



The park is **across** from the school.



The bank is **between** the post office and the restaurant.



The pharmacy is **next to** the bookstore.



The bus stop is **on** the corner.



The museum is **near** the hotel.



The airport is **far from** town.

#### **Imperatives for Directions**



Turn left.



Turn right.



Go straight.



Go up. Go down.

- **A.** Match the questions with the answers.
  - 1. \_\_\_\_ Is there a restaurant in the mall?
  - **2.** \_\_\_\_ Is the airport far from the city?
  - **3.** \_\_\_\_ Where's the convenience store?
  - **4.** \_\_\_\_ Is the bank open on Friday?
  - 5. \_\_\_\_ Where do you live?
  - **6.** \_\_\_\_\_ Is the post office next to the park?

- **a.** My apartment's on the second floor.
- **b.** No. It's between the bank and the health club.
- **c.** No, it isn't. It's closed.
- **d.** Yes, there is. It's across from the bookstore.
- e. No, it isn't. It's near the city.
- **f.** It's on the corner of Dade and Main Streets.



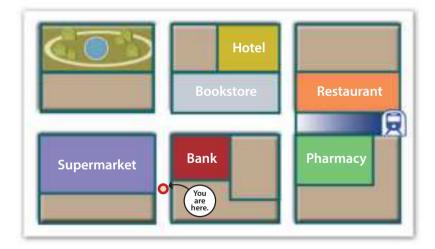


- **B.** Look at the picture. Complete the sentences with the correct prepositions.
  - 1. There's a pharmacy \_\_\_\_\_ the bookstore.
  - **2.** The bank is \_\_\_\_\_ the supermarket.
  - **3.** The police officer is \_\_\_\_\_ the bank.
  - **4.** There's a bookstore \_\_\_\_\_ the supermarket and the pharmacy.
  - **5.** The Spanish restaurant is \_\_\_\_\_ the bank.
  - **6.** There's an English school \_\_\_\_\_ the corner. It's \_\_\_\_\_ the second floor.

# 4 Listening



Listen. Write the names of the places on the map.



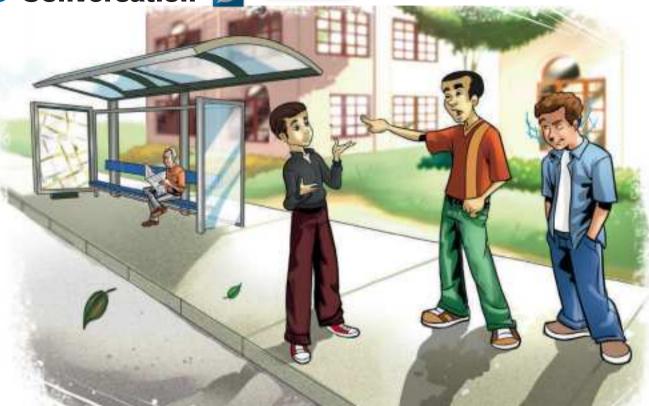
# 5 Pronunciation



Listen to the stress on the different syllables. Then practice.

First Syllable	Second Syllable	Third Syllable
<b>air</b> port	a <b>part</b> ment	uni <b>ver</b> sity
restaurant	mu <b>se</b> um	conver <b>sa</b> tion

**6** Conversation



**Tom:** Excuse me. How do I get to Bedford Park?

**John:** Take the number 20 bus. There's a bus stop over there. Get off at Dixie's Pharmacy. The

park is on the next block. You can't miss it.

**Tom:** Is it far from here?

**John:** No, it's about 15 minutes away.

Luis: No, no. Take the F line on the subway, and

get off at 52nd Street Station. The park is right across from the station. Trust me. I live in that

neighborhood.

**Tom:** Thanks a lot.

**Luis:** You're welcome.

# 7 About You 🔀



- 1. Where do you live?
- 2. What's your neighborhood like?
- **3.** What places are there in your neighborhood?

#### **Real Talk**

You can't miss it. = You are sure to see it. Trust me. = Believe me.

#### **About the Conversation**

- 1. Where is Tom going?
- 2. What's the bus number to Bedford Park?
- 3. How far away is it?
- 4. What's the subway line to Bedford Park?
- 5. Does Luis take the bus or the subway to get to Bedford Park?

#### **Your Turn**

Tell a partner how to get to your home from the center of town.

# 8 Reading



#### **Before Reading**

Look at the pictures. What do you know about the two neighborhoods in the article— Brooklyn and Coyoacan?



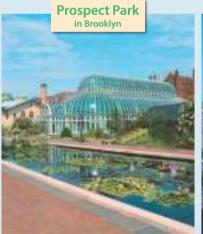
Famous Neighborhoods

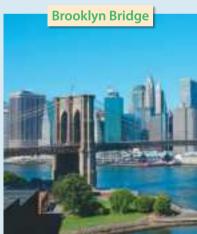


Plaza Hidalgo in Coyoacan

Coyoacan. Coyoacan is a historic neighborhood of Mexico City. It has a busy cultural life. There are theaters, art galleries, and museums. Coyoacan has beautiful squares and houses. The house of the famous Mexican painter Frida Kahlo is here. It's called the Blue House. It's now a museum. There is also the Plaza Shopping Center, an Olympic pool, a gym, and a beautiful park. There are many restaurants and eating places with foods from all over the world. You can have great Mexican food, too.

My name is John. I'm from Brooklyn, New York. Brooklyn is a great place to live. There are so many different cultures and traditions here. Everything is near. Manhattan is only ten minutes away by subway. And there is the famous Brooklyn Bridge. Prospect Park has playgrounds, two lakes, and an ice-skating rink. We have a museum and a botanical garden. We also have restaurants with foods from all over the world—and the best pizzerias anywhere! I love it here.





#### **After Reading**

A.	Mark the	things the	article says	that both	neighborhoods	have.
----	----------	------------	--------------	-----------	---------------	-------

museum	park	bridge	pizzeria	restaurants	lake
--------	------	--------	----------	-------------	------

B. Work with a partner. Compare your neighborhood with the ones in the Reading.

# Where Do You Live?







A. Read the postcard from a pen pal. Circle the places that are similar in your neighborhood.

Dear Khalid, I live in a historic neighborhood. It has traditional buildings, but they have modern conveniences. We have stores, cafés, and restaurants. There's a supermarket, a bank, a pharmacy, a post office, and schools. My high school isn't far from my house. Near my neighborhood, there's a famous palace. It has beautiful gardens, a lake, and an old bridge. There's a bus, but we walk everywhere. My neighborhood is nice. It has friendly people. Tell me about your neighborhood.

Your friend,

Robert



#### **Writing Corner**

- 1. Use personal pronouns in place of nouns or people. I live in a nice neighborhood. It has friendly people. The houses aren't modern. They are traditional. My neighbors are nice people. They are friendly. My neighbors and I are friendly. We always say "hello."
- (It = neighborhood) (They = houses) (They = my neighbors) (We = my neighbors and I)
- **B.** Find the personal pronouns in the postcard. What noun does each one replace?
- C. Write a postcard to a pen pal. Tell him or her about your neighborhood.

# 10 Project



Make a brochure for your neighborhood. List stores, restaurants, services, parks, etc.

# 11 Form, Meaning and Function



#### **Comparative and Superlative Forms of Adjectives**

#### **The Comparative**

Use adjective + -er or more + adjective to make the comparative.

The hotel is **tall**. The hotel is **taller** than the office buildings. The subway is **convenient**. The subway is **more convenient** than the bus.

**Note:** The comparative is often used with *than*.

#### The Superlative

Use the + adjective + -est or the most + adjective to make the superlative.

The hotel is **the tallest** building in the city. It is also **the most modern**. The subway is **the fastest** transport in the city. It is also **the most convenient**.



Use -er or -est for one-syllable adjectives and adjectives that end in y; for example, busy-busier-busiest. Use more or most for longer adjectives.

#### **Spelling Rules:**

Most adjectives: old-older-oldest

Adjectives ending in e: nice-nicer-nicest

Adjectives ending in *y*: easy–easier–easiest

Adjectives ending in one vowel followed by one consonant: big-bigger-biggest, hot-hotter-hottest.

Some adjectives have irregular comparative and superlative forms.

good-better-the best bad-worse-the worst

A.	Complete the sentences with the comparative or superlative forms of the adjectives
	in parentheses. Use <i>the</i> before superlatives.

1. Gino's Restaurant has \_\_\_\_\_\_(good) pizza in town.

2. I think that the pizza at Roma's is \_\_\_\_\_\_ (good) than Gino's.

**3.** The bookstore is \_\_\_\_\_\_ (popular) than the library.

**4.** Summer is \_\_\_\_\_\_ (hot) and \_\_\_\_\_\_ (dry) time of the year.

**5.** Don't eat there. That restaurant has \_\_\_\_\_\_ (bad) food in town.

**6.** My room is \_\_\_\_\_ (quiet) room in the house. I can't hear any noise.

7. The supermarket is much \_\_\_\_\_\_ (big) than the convenience store.

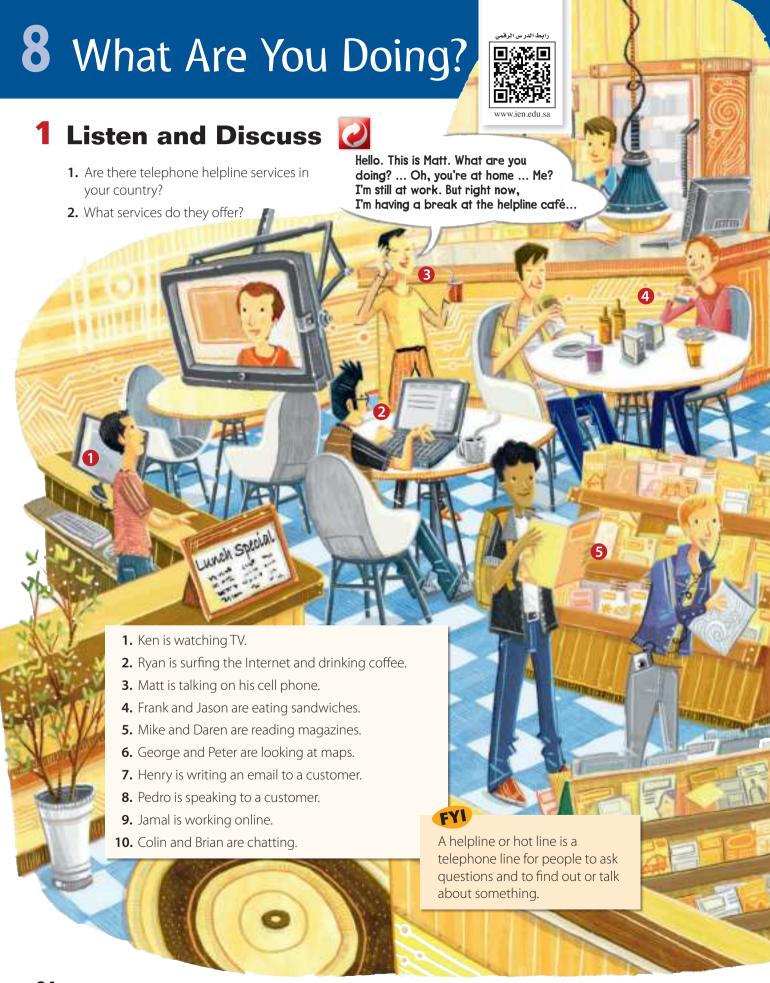
**8.** The park is \_\_\_\_\_ (beautiful) in the spring than in the winter.

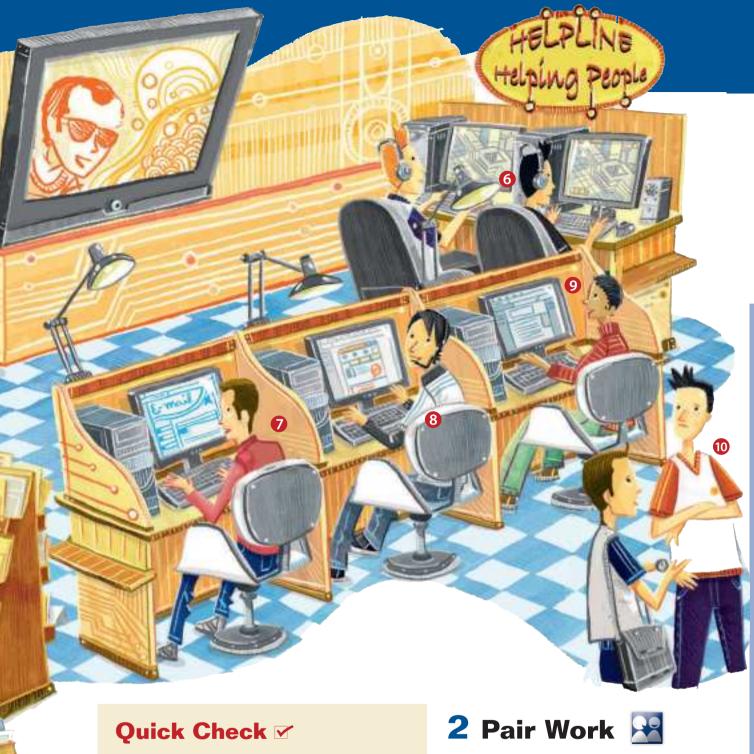
- **B.** Work with a partner. Disagree with the following statements.
- **A:** The health club is older than the school. (new)
  - **B:** No, it isn't. It's newer.
  - 1. The Amazon is longer than the Nile. (short)
    4. China is bigger than Canada. (small)
  - **2.** Buses are faster than trains. (slow)
  - **3.** The city is quieter than the town. (noisy)
- **5.** Roma's pizza is better than Gino's. (bad)
- **6.** Cities are cleaner than towns. (dirty)





63





- A. Vocabulary. Name things in the office/café.
- **B.** Comprehension. Answer *yes* or *no*.
  - 1. \_\_\_ Matt is talking on the phone.
  - **2.** \_\_\_ Mike and Daren are talking to customers.
  - **3.** \_\_\_\_ Frank and Jason are having coffee.
  - **4.** \_\_\_\_ Henry is writing an email to a customer.
  - **5.** \_\_\_ Ryan is working.

- **A.** Ask and answer about the people at the office.
  - What is Ryan doing?
  - He's drinking a cup of coffee.
  - What are <u>Frank and Jason</u> doing?
  - They're eating sandwiches.
- **B.** You are having a break at the café. Role-play a phone conversation with a friend. Talk about the people at the helpline office.

# **3** Grammar





#### **Present Progressive Tense**

Use the present progressive for actions that are happening at the present moment.

#### Affirmative (+)

ľ <b>m</b>	
You <b>'re</b>	
He <b>'s</b>	
She <b>'s</b>	
We're	
They <b>'re</b>	

study**ing** now.

(I + am) (you + are) (he + is) (she + is)

(we + are) (they + are)

#### Negative (-)

	• •
<b>′</b> m	not
You	aren't
He	isn't
She	
We	aren't
They	

study**ing** now.

#### Questions (?)

Am	1	
Are	you	
ls	he	
	she	
Are	we	
	they	

study**ing** now?

#### **Short Answers (+)**

	I	aiii.
	you	are.
	he	is.
es,	she	
	we	are.
	they	

| | am

#### Short Answers (-)

No

	∣′m	not.
	you	aren't.
	he	isn't.
Ο,	she	
	we	aren't.
	thev	

#### **Questions with What + Present Progressive**

What

are	you	
is	he/she	
are	you/they	

doing?

1	am
He/She	is
We/They	are

studying now.

- **A.** Complete the conversations. You can use contractions.
  - 1. A: \_\_\_\_\_ you studying now?
    - **B:** No, I \_\_\_\_\_\_ you studying?
    - **A:** Yes. I'm \_\_\_\_\_ for the English test.
  - **2. A:** \_\_\_\_\_ the children playing?
    - **B:** No, they \_\_\_\_\_. They \_\_\_\_\_ TV.
    - **A:** Are you watching TV, too?
    - **B:** No, I \_\_\_\_\_. It's a kids' film.
  - 3. A: Who \_\_\_\_\_ Ali calling?
    - **B:** He \_\_\_\_\_ his brother.
      - **A:** \_\_\_\_\_ he coming here?
      - **B:** Yes, he \_\_\_\_\_.





**B.** Work with a partner. Ask and answer about the people.

**A:** What's Jake doing?

**B:** He's delivering mail.

- Jake
- 2 Mr. Taylor
- Ron
- 4 Robert
- **6** Greg, Sam
- **6** Toshiro
- Carlos
- **8** Mr. Parker



# 4 Listening



Jerry is talking to Tom on the phone. Complete the chart about Tom's family. Write what each person is doing these days.

Tom	He's finishing high school.
Father	
Mother	
Sister—Carol	
Brother—Frank	



# 5 Pronunciation



Listen to the **-ing** ending. Then practice.

What are you doing? I'm wait**ing** for you. What's he doing? He's chatting with a friend. What are they doing? They're play**ing** in the garden.

# **6** Conversation



**Logan:** Hi, Danny. This is Logan. **Danny:** Hi, Logan. What's up? **Logan:** I'm at the train station. I'm checking out the schedule.

**Danny:** Where are you going?

Logan: To visit my uncle.

He lives in Seattle.

**Danny:** I like Seattle. It's my favorite city.

**Logan:** Well, let's go together.



#### **Your Ending**

What does Danny say?

- 1) I'm busy now. I'm helping my dad.
- (2) I can't. I have to study for a test.
- **3** Good idea! I'm packing right now.

#### **Real Talk**

What's up? = What's happening? checking out = looking for information

#### **About the Conversation**

- 1. Where is Logan?
- 2. What's he doing?
- **3.** Where is he planning to go?

#### **Your Turn**

Role-play the conversation with a partner. Change the destination and the ending.



# 7 About You 🔀



- 1. What films are playing on TV this week?
- 2. What kinds of films are they?
- **3.** Who are the actors?
- **4.** What's your favorite kind of film?







# 8 Reading





#### **Before Reading**

Look at the pictures. What place and activities do you think the article is talking about?







In some countries, they are called "the mall generation." You walk into a shopping mall anywhere in the world, and what do you see? Teenagers are chatting, talking on cell phones, or sending text messages. They're eating snacks or drinking soda in the food court, shopping, or just hanging out. They are all wearing similar clothes.

Shopping malls are still teenagers' favorite place to meet friends and socialize. Malls have all the facilities teens want. There are lots of stores with the latest fashions, and all kinds of restaurants. Malls have several advantages as hangouts: they're safe, and they're comfortable in all kinds of weather.

#### **After Reading**

- 1. Why are teens called the "mall generation" in some countries?
- 2. Which mall activities are the same in your country?
- **3.** What are some of the advantages of malls as a place to hang out?

# 8 What Are You Doing?







- A. Put the words in order to make sentences.
  - 1. reading / in / living / is / a / Father / room / newspaper / the .
  - 2. they / sandwiches / in / cafeteria / Are / the / eating?
  - 3. friend / email / he / writing / to / ls / an / his?
  - **4.** She / mother / is / housework / her / the / helping / with .
  - 5. playing / the / games / aren't / We / computer / on .
  - **6.** you / chatting / Who / with / are?

#### **Writing Corner**

1. Use personal pronouns in place of a person or people.

My name is Hussain. I am doing my homework. (I = Hussain/me)
Amal is a teacher. **She** is teaching her class. (She = Amal)
My brother is a student. **He** is studying. (He = my brother)
My friends are at the mall. **They** are shopping. (They = my friends)
This is my friend. **We** are walking to school. (We = my friend and I)

- **B.** Read about Sabah's family. Work with a partner. Ask and answer questions about the members of her family. Use personal pronouns.
  - **A:** Where is Sabah? **B:** She's in her room.
  - **A:** What's she doing? **B:** She's doing her homework.

It is Saturday today. I'm in my room. I'm doing my homework. My parents are shopping at the supermarket. My grandfather is in the backyard. He's drinking coffee and reading a newspaper. I think that my brother, Ali, is in the park. He's riding his bike, or he's running. My baby brother is in the kitchen with my grandmother. He is playing with his toys, and she is cooking.

**C.** What do you think your family members and friends are doing now? Write a paragraph. Then, compare it with a partner.

# 10 Project



Choose a popular teen hangout in your town. Take some photos, find photos from the Internet or magazines, or draw pictures of the people there. Write what they are doing. Present a report to the class.

# 11 Form, Meaning and Function



#### Would like

Use would like + noun for things that you want.

I'd like a sandwich. What **would** you **like**? Would you like fries? No. I'd like a salad. She'd like coffee. What **would** she **like**?

Use would like to + verb for activities that you want to do.

Would you like to watch TV? No, I'd like to read a magazine.

Use would like with question words: what, when, where.

**What** would she like to watch? What would you like to do? Where would he like to go? When would you like to eat?

Faisal:

She'd like to watch a comedy. I'd like to hang out at the mall. He'd like to go to the mall. I'd like to eat at 6 o'clock.



**A.** Complete the conversation with **would like** or **would like to**. Use 'd where possible.

What (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_ do today, Khalid?

(2) \_\_\_\_\_ hang out at the mall. Khalid: OK. (3) \_\_\_\_\_ check out the new electronics store. Faisal: **Khalid:** Sure. When (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_ go? Well, (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_ go at eleven o'clock. Faisal: **Khalid:** OK. (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_ have lunch at the food court? Good idea! (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_ a burger and fries. Faisal: **Khalid:** Hmm. I think that (8) \_\_\_\_\_\_ pizza... and ice cream. Faisal: Great! Let's go.

B. Work with a partner. Role-play a waiter and a customer at a café. Look at the pictures. Ask questions and order lunch with would like. Change roles.

# EXPANSION Units 5-8

# Language Review **V**



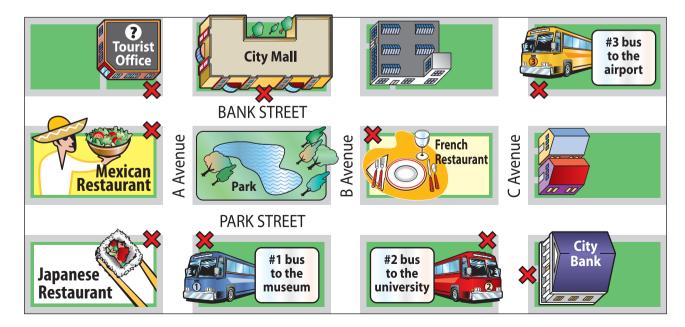
A. Complete the conversations.

1. A: Where you? B: I live on Baker Street.	2. A: What your house like?  B: It very big. There ten rooms,
A: it a good neighborhood?  B: Yes, I everything.  I very happy there.	and there a big yard.  A: Our house small, but it comfortable, and it a nice view.

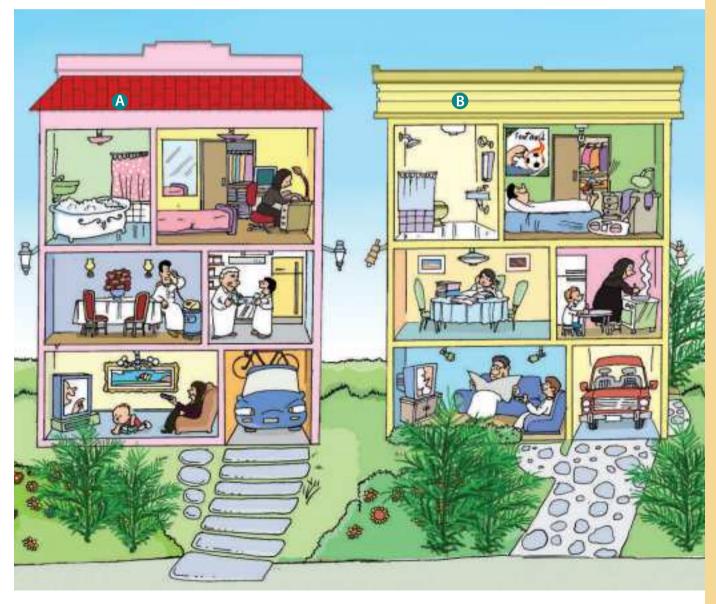
**B.** Write where the things are in your house.

•	flowers	There are flowers in the garden.
	1. television	
	2. photos of the family	
	3. sofa	
	<b>4.</b> telephone	
	5. shelf	

- C. Work with a partner. Ask and answer. Use the map to give directions. Say where you are starting.
  - A: I am at City Bank. Is there a good French restaurant near here?
  - **B:** Yes, there is. There's a French restaurant on the corner of Bank Street and B Avenue.



- **D.** Look at the picture and do the activities.
  - 1. Work with a partner. What are the people doing? Write eight sentences.
  - The father in house A is talking on the phone.
  - **2.** Work with a partner. What are some things in the houses? Write eight sentences.
  - In house A, there are shelves in the kitchen.
    In house B, there is a shower in the bathroom.
  - **3.** Look at the pictures again. Write down eight differences between houses A and B. Compare your answers with a partner.
  - In house A, they have a mirror in the bedroom. In house B, they have a poster on the wall.



# 2 Reading



#### **Before Reading**

- 1. Do you send emails to friends?
- 2. Where are your friends from?
- 3. Do you write to them often?
- 4. What do you write about?

# **Email Pals**

Hi Omar,

Thanks for your email. Here are some answers to your questions about me. I have a small family. There's just my father, my mother, and my sister. My sister's name is Kate, and she's nineteen years old. She's at college. She is studying to be a doctor. My dad's a doctor, too.

I live in a small town about one hour from New York City by train. My neighborhood is nice and quiet, and we have everything we need right here. My school is only a couple of blocks from my house, and there's an enormous shopping mall near here. My friends and I hang out there often.

I have a parrot. His name is Gabby. Do you have a pet? I play football on the local team. The name of the team is Square United. What's your favorite sport?

Tell me more about your family, your town, and your interests.

Take care. Mark





#### **After Reading**

#### Answer **yes** or **no**.

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_ Mark's family is small.
- **2.** \_\_\_\_\_ Mark's sister is studying to be a nurse.
- **3.** \_\_\_\_\_ Mark lives in an apartment.
- **4.** \_\_\_\_\_ His school is far from his house.
- **5.** \_\_\_\_\_ The neighborhood doesn't have many stores.
- **6.** \_\_\_\_\_ Mark plays football in his free time.

# 3 Writing 🚺



You are writing an email to a new friend. Circle the information you want to include. Add your own ideas. Then write your email. Use Mark's email to help you.

family	pets	sports	weather
town	teachers	hobbies	school
neighborhood	friends	favorite pastimes	house
favorite food	favorite films	school subjects	holidays

# 4 About You 📓



- 1. Do you live in a quiet or busy neighborhood?
- 2. What's your favorite hangout place?
- **3.** Do you have a lot of friends?
- **4.** Who are your best friends?
- **5.** Do you have any pets? What kind?
- **6.** What are their names?
- **7.** What are your favorite kinds of films?
- 8. What hobbies do you have?
- **9.** Do you play a sport? What?
- **10.** Do you collect anything? What do you have?





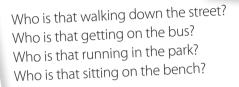




# 5 Chant Along 🔀



My Neighborhood!



That is me walking down the street. That is Ali getting on the bus. That is my teacher running in the park. That is my neighbor sitting on the bench.

#### Chorus

This is the neighborhood I live in. There are so many people I know, 2, 3, 4, 7, 9, 10. Everywhere I look, Let me show you some more.

Who is that talking on the phone? Who is that holding all this mail? Who is that laughing so loud? Who is carrying a backpack?

That is Mr. Faisal talking on the phone. That is the mailman delivering the mail. That is my brother who is laughing so loud, And that is me walking to school!





#### **Vocabulary**

Read the meanings. Write the words from the chant.

1.	making	lots of noise	
----	--------	---------------	--

2. something to sit on

**3.** a place with a lot of grass and trees \_\_\_\_\_

**4.** something to put your books in

5. a person who delivers mail

**6.** a place we learn new things

7. there are cars on it



#### **Comprehension**

- A. Answer **yes** or **no**.
- 1. \_\_\_\_\_ The boy is a student.
- **2.** \_\_\_\_\_ The mailman is drinking coffee.
- **3.** \_\_\_\_\_ The boy's brother is studying.
- **4.** \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Faisal is driving a car.
- **5.** \_\_\_\_\_ The teacher is shopping.
- **6.** \_\_\_\_\_ The boy's neighbor is sitting on the bench.
- **B.** Work with a partner. Ask and answer questions about the people in the chant.
- **A:** What's the teacher doing?
- **B:** He's running in the park.

#### **Discussion**

Work in pairs and describe what the people in the photo are doing. Ask each other questions.

**A:** Where is the boy sitting?

**B:** He is sitting in the middle.

**A:** Is the father driving?

**B:** No, the grandfather is driving.



## **1** Good Morning!

#### **VOCABULARY**

#### **Nouns**

best friend class classmate family father (dad) first name friend last name man mother (mom) name principal student teacher woman

#### Parts of the day

afternoon evening morning night

#### Titles

Miss Mr. Mrs. Ms.

#### **Adjectives**

big married single

#### **EXPRESSIONS**

#### **Greetings**

Good afternoon. Good evening. Good morning. Hello. Hi. Welcome to . . .

# Saying goodbye

Bye. Goodbye. Good night. See you later. Take care.

#### Introductions

How do you spell (name)? I'm (name). My friends call me (name). My name's (name). Nice to meet you. Nice to meet you, too. This is (name).

# Ask/say how someone is

How are you? How's it going? I'm fine, thanks. I'm OK. Not bad.

#### **Express thanks**

Thanks. Thank you.

#### **Express regret**

I'm sorry.

## **2** What Day Is Today?

#### **VOCABULARY**

#### **Nouns**

age cat date middle name

#### **Adjectives**

cute favorite our their your

## Days of the week

Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday

#### **Prepositions**

in on

# Months of the year

January
February
March
April
May
June
July
August
September
October
November
December

#### **Numbers**

1 one – 1st first
2 two – 2nd second
3 three – 3rd third
4 four – 4th fourth
5 five – 5th fifth
6 six – 6th sixth
7 seven – 7th seventh
8 eight – 8th eighth
9 nine – 9th ninth
10 ten – 10th tenth
11 eleven – 11th eleventh
12 twelve – 12th twelfth

30 thirty – 30th thirtieth 40 forty – 40th fortieth 50 fifty – 50th fiftieth 60 sixty – 60th sixtieth 70 seventy – 70th seventieth 13 thirteen – 13th thirteenth 14 fourteen– 14th fourteenth

15 fifteen – 15th fifteenth

16 sixteen – 16th sixteenth 17 seventeen – 17th seventeenth

1/ seventeen – 1/th seventeentl 18 eighteen – 18th eighteenth

19 nineteen – 19th nineteenth

20 twenty – 20th twentieth

21 twenty-one – 21st twenty-first

22 twenty-two – 22nd twenty-second 23 twenty-three – 23rd twenty-third

24 twenty-four – 24th twenty fourth

80 eighty – 80th eightieth 90 ninety – 90th ninetieth

100 one hundred – one hundredth

1,000 one thousand – one thousandth

#### **EXPRESSIONS**

#### **Ask for information**

How old are you/they? How old is he/she?

What month is it? What day is today?

#### **Real Talk**

You're welcome.

## **3** What's That?

#### **VOCABULARY**

#### Nouns

fish

airplane bicycle / bike calculator camera car diamond dinosaur egg fossil gift shop guide headphones key key chain lamp

meteor

museum

painting pencil photograph poster radio reproduction sculpture skeleton souvenir telephone television tote bag toy typewriter washing machine watch

#### Verbs

buy check out follow touch

#### **Adjectives**

enormous famous nice

#### **Pronouns**

this / that these / those

#### **EXPRESSIONS**

#### Ask for the name of something

What's this/that?
What are these/those?

#### **Polite command**

Please...

# 4 Around the World

#### **VOCABULARY**

#### **Nouns**

address language area code nationality avenue people bus street telephone number capital cell number tourist country viewer email world home

#### **Nouns—Countries**

Australia Mexico Brazil Oman Canada Russia China Spain Egypt Syria Turkey England France **United States** Jordan Venezuela

Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

#### **Adjectives—Nationality**

Mexican American Australian Omani Brazilian Russian Canadian Saudi Chinese Spanish Egyptian Syrian English Turkish French Venezuelan Jordanian

**Verbs**believe
say

Adjectives

hot official Prepositions

around in from on

#### **EXPRESSIONS**

#### **Idioms**

on business on vacation

#### Ask for information

Where are you from?

#### Real Talk

Excuse me. How about you?

# EXPANSION Units 1–4

#### **VOCABULARY**

#### Nouns

ad
backpack
broom
coconut
contest
destination
door
floor
form

kid order pineapple prize questionnaire

ship sport tourism trip winner

#### Verbs

brush
clean
close
come in
do
find
get up
hurry
use
wait
walk
work

#### Phrases with verbs

brush (one's) teeth do (one's) homework get off the phone give (someone) a break sweep the floor

#### **Adjectives**

late national popular principal

#### **EXPRESSIONS**

#### Idioms

industry

island

give me a break leave me alone What for?

# Families, Families

#### VOCABULARY

#### Nouns

aunt
baby
brother
child / plural: children
cousin
daughter
family
grandchildren
grandfather
grandmother

grandparent husband nephew niece

parent

sister

uncle wife

son

## Verbs

come from have miss

#### **Adjectives**

big many married only single small

#### **EXPRESSIONS**

#### **Quantity expressions**

a lot of any lots

#### **Real Talk**

I've got . . . Not really.

# **6** Is There a View?

#### **VOCABULARY**

apartment balcony flower garden house laundry motorcycle tree view yard

# Nouns—Rooms of the house

bathroom bedroom dining room garage kitchen laundry room living room

#### Nouns—Furniture and things in a room

armchair DVD player sink bathtub sofa lamp bed sound laptop cabinet computer system chair microwave stove closet mirror table curtains refrigerator toilet TV desk rug dishwasher shelf vase washer dryer shower

#### **Adjectives**

beautiful huge comfortable pretty great small

#### **Adverbs**

downstairs upstairs

#### **Prepositions**

behind on in under in front of

#### **EXPRESSIONS**

#### Ask for and give a description

Is/Are there...?
There is (There's)/There are ...
What's ... like?

#### Ask for and give a reason

Why? Because . . .

## **7** Where Do You Live?

#### **VOCABULARY**

#### **Nouns**

block pasta
corner pizza
floor price
food sauna
gym swimming pool
neighborhood town

#### Nouns—Places in the neighborhood

airport mall
apartment building park
bank pharmacy
bookstore post office
bus stop restaurant
convenience store subway station
gym supermarket
health club

#### Verbs Adjectives

get off closed go low live new take open turn

#### **EXPRESSIONS**

#### **Give directions**

Go down.
Go up.
Go straight (ahead).
Go to the corner.
Turn left.
Turn right.

#### **Ask for directions**

How do I get to ...?

#### Give a strong yes answer

Of course.

#### Real Talk

Trust me. You can't miss it.

#### **Prepositions**

across from
between
far from
near
next to
on
on the corner of ... and ...

# **8** What Are You Doing?

#### **VOCABULARY**

#### Nouns

action film actor advantage comedy food court generation hangout helpline service homework magazine mail sandwich science fiction text message

#### Verbs

call read chat see come send deliver speak do study surf (the Internet) drink talk eat hang out wait for help watch listen to wear look at work (online)

write

#### **Adjectives**

action busy

#### **Adverb**

right now

#### **EXPRESSIONS**

#### **Expression of location**

at work

#### Make a suggestion

play

Let's (go).

#### **Accept a suggestion**

Good idea!

#### **Real Talk**

check out What's up?

# EXPANSION Units 5–8

#### **VOCABULARY**

#### Nouns

hangout place mailman hobby pastime holiday pet interests subject

#### Verbs

collect hang out laugh

#### Adjectives

busy enormous local quiet

#### **Adverb**

loud

# Irregular Verbs

Base Form	Simple Past
be	was/were
become	became
buy	bought
come	came
cut	cut
do	did
draw	drew
drink	drank
drive	drove
eat	ate
fight	fought
find	found
get (up)	got (up)
give	gave
go	went
hang	hung
have	had
hear	heard
know	knew
leave	left
lend	lent
make	made
mean	meant
meet	met
read	read
ride	rode
run	ran
say	said
see	saw
sell	sold
send	sent
sing	sang
sit	sat
sleep	slept
speak	spoke
spend	spent
sweep	swept
swim	swam
take	took
teach	taught
think	thought
understand	understood
wake (up)	woke (up)
wear	wore
write	wrote

#### **Photo Credits**

2 (family) @MBI/Alamy, (man and boy) @Paul Bradbury/Glow Images, (men shaking hands) @ JUPITERIMAGES/Creatas/Alamy, (students saying hello) @HA Photos/Alamy, (men in office) @arabianEye, (women saying good night) @MBI/Alamy; 3 TL @McGraw-Hill Education/Ken Karp, TR @Image Source; 5 (1) @John Lund-Paula Zacharias, (2) @gulfimages/Alamy, (3) @Stockbyte, (4) @Jim Franco, (5) @Asia Images Group, (6) @MBI/Alamy; 10 (January) @Paul Yates/SHUTTERSTOCK, (February) @VaclavHroch/SHUTTERSTOCK, (March) @ultimathule/SHUTTERSTOCK, (April) @Donald R. Swartz/SHUTTERSTOCK, (May) @lakov Kalinin/SHUTTERSTOCK, (June) @Hydrom/SHUTTERSTOCK, (July) @tkachuk/SHUTTERSTOCK, (August) @Trutta/ SHUTTERSTOCK, (September) @kwest/SHUTTERSTOCK, (October) @Nataliya Peregudova/SHUTTERSTOCK, (November) @Peter Igel/SHUTTERSTOCK, (December) ©Carsten Medom Madsen/SHUTTERSTOCK; 15 (dolphin) ©TIME & LIFE Images, (cat) ©Lexx/ SHUTTERSTOCK, (elephant) ©Kitch Bain/ SHUTTERSTOCK, (turtle) @Geanina Bechea/SHUTTERSTOCK, (parrot) @Eric Isselée/SHUTTERSTOCK, (horse) @Karen Givens/SHUTTERSTOCK, (rabbit) ©Stefan Petru Andronache/SHUTTERSTOCK, (mouse) @Tony Wear/SHUTTERSTOCK: 16 @Andrew Unangst/ Alamy: 18 (airplane) @Margo Harrison/ SHUTTERSTOCK, (bicycle) @Artsem Martysiuk/SHUTTERSTOCK, (camera) @Stephen Coburn/SHUTTERSTOCK, (car) @Rob Wilson/SHUTTERSTOCK, (telephone) @Scott David Patterson/SHUTTERSTOCK, (typewriter) @topal/SHUTTERSTOCK, (headphones) @Neven Mendrila/ISTOCK, (washing machine) @Margo Harrison/SHUTTERSTOCK, (white calculator) @Graeme Dawes/SHUTTERSTOCK, (aray calculator) @titelio/ SHUTTERSTOCK, (television) @James Steidl/SHUTTERSTOCK, (radio) @Scott Rothstein/SHUTTERSTOCK; 19 (painting) @Time & Life Pictures/GETTY, (sculptures) @Emmanuel LATTES/Alamy, (lamp) @moxduul/SHUTTERSTOCK, (left pair of watches) @Tatiana Popova/SHUTTERSTOCK, (right pair of watches) @Orkhan Aslanov/SHUTTERSTOCK, (key chains) @Letova/SHUTTERSTOCK, (tote bags) @jmatzick/SHUTTERSTOCK, (toys) @Natalia Siverina/SHUTTERSTOCK; 21 (1) @Wendy Kaveney Photography/SHUTTERSTOCK, (2) @cardiae/SHUTTERSTOCK, (3) @andrzej80/SHUTTERSTOCK, (4) @Miguel Angel Salinas Salinas / SHUTTERSTOCK, (clock) @Margo Harrison/SHUTTERSTOCK, (sculpture) @Ashley Whitworth/SHUTTERSTOCK, (painting) @Louisanne/SHUTTERSTOCK, (airplane) @Margo Harrison/SHUTTERSTOCK, (tote bag) @Tatiana Popova/SHUTTERSTOCK, (stuffed animals) @Fesus Robert/SHUTTERSTOCK, (watch) @Jens Stolt/ SHUTTERSTOCK; 23 (heart) @H. Mark Weidman Photography/ALAMY, (spacecraft) @NASA/nasaimages.org, (submarine) @chl/SHUTTERSTOCK. (Da Vinci invention) @David Lees/CORBIS; 26 (Times Square) @Miguel Angel Aparicio/SHUTTERSTOCK; 31 TR @Charles & Josette Lenars/CORBIS, ML @George Lepp; 34 (fossil) @Snowshill/ISTOCK, (turtle) @kkbunker/ISTOCK, (painting) @johnwoodcock/ISTOCK; 35 TR @qulfimages/Alamy; 36 (pink flower) @JulienGrondin/ISTOCK, (building) @LyaC/ISTOCK, (beach) @narvikk/ISTOCK, (white and yellow flower) @JulienGrondin/ISTOCK; 37 (foliage) @santosha/ ISTOCK: 38 (clock) @hidesy/ISTOCK, (traffic light) @Vonkara1/ISTOCK, (cat) @Gandee Vasan, (broom) @DNY59/ISTOCK; 39 TR @vtupinamba/ISTOCK; 41 TL @Insy Shah, TMR @arabianEye, TR @EifelGary/Alamy, ML @Bill Lyons/Alamy, MML @Blend Images/Alamy, MMR ©David Sacks, MR ©David Sacks; 42 BR ©Image Source; 43 MR ©Bill Lyons/Alamy; 44 TR ©Danita Delimont/Getty; 45 (Saudi King) ©Thomas Imo/ Contributor/GETTY; (British princes) @Getty Images/GETTY, (map of Sweden) @Daisy Images/Alamy, (Spanish flaq) @Universal Images Group Limited/ Alamy; 49 TL @H-Gall/ISTOCK, TR @Michael Felix Photography/SHUTTERSTOCK; 52 TL @MalibuBooks/SHUTTERSTOCK, TR @ Steve Skjold/Alamy, (1) ©Keith Muratori/SHUTTERSTOCK, (2) ©John Wollwerth/SHUTTERSTOCK, (3) ©Judith Collins/ALAMY; 53 TR ©Linda Whitwam/GETTY, ML ©Lana/ SHUTTERSTOCK; 56 TR @JG Photography/Alamy,BL @Fancy/Alamy, BR @raul taborda/ISTOCK; 57 TL @Digital Vision/ALAMY, TR @Tischenko Irina/ SHUTTERSTOCK; 61 (blue house) @Richard Gunion/ ISTOCK, (boy) @Dennis Tokarzewski/SHUTTERSTOCK, (boy on bike) @Fancy/Alamy, (Plaza Hidalao) @Robert Harding Picture Library Ltd., (Prospect Park) @Ambient Images Inc./ALAMY, (Brooklyn Bridge) @Johnny Kuo/SHUTTERSTOCK; 62 @Francisco Martinez/Alamy; 66 BR @Monkey Business Images/ SHUTTERSTOCK; 67 MR @Galina Barskaya/SHUTTERSTOCK; 68 TL @Nicholas Sutcliffe/ISTOCK, TR ©Dennis MacDonald/Alamy, MR ©ImageZoo/Alamy; 69 TL ©giuseppe masci/Alamy, TR @giuseppe masci/Alamy, ML @Grapheast/Alamy; 74 MM @PhotoAlto-Sigrid Olsson, MR @Justin Lewis; 75 MR @gingging/SHUTTERSTOCK, BM @Drahomír Kalina/SHUTTERSTOCK, BR @Hipix/Alamy; 76 (father and son) @Hi Brow Arabia/Alamy, (city night) @Tim E White, (cityscape) @Chris Bradley, (men and buildings) @Danita Delimont, (market) ©Danita Delimont, (man at seaside) ©Danita Delimont; 77 TR ©Hi Brow Arabia/Alamy, BR @Philip Lee Harvey/Alamy.

# SUPER

# GOALI WORKBOOK

# **MANUEL DOS SANTOS**



#### SuperGoal 1 Workbook

Published by McGraw-Hill Education, 2 Penn Plaza, New York, NY 10121. Copyright © 2017 by McGraw-Hill Education. All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced or distributed in any form or by any means, or stored in a database or retrieval system, without the prior written consent of McGraw-Hill Education, including, but not limited to, in any network or other electronic storage or transmission, or broadcast for distance learning.

ISBN: 978-1-5268-1935-2

Contributing Writer: Kevin Sharpe

Publisher: Jorge Rodríguez Hernández Editorial director: Anita Raducanu Art direction: Heloisa Yara Tiburtius Interior design and production: Page2, LLC

Cover design: Page2, LLC

Photo coordinator: Kevin Sharpe

Photo Credits: The Photo Credits section for this book on page 88 is considered an extension of the copyright page.

Exclusive rights by McGraw-Hill Education for manufacture and export. This book cannot be re-exported from the country to which it is sold by McGraw-Hill Education. This Regional Edition is not available outside Europe, the Middle East and Africa.



# Contents

Unit	1	Good Morning!	89
Unit	2	What Day Is Today?	93
Unit	3	What's That?	97
Unit	4	Around the World	101
		EXPANSION Units 1–4	105
Unit	5	Families, Families	107
Unit	6	Is There a View?	111
Unit	7	Where Do You Live?	115
Unit	8	What Are You Doing?	119
		EXPANSION Units 5–8	123
		Self Reflections	125

#### **Photo Credits**

90 MR ©HASSAN AMMAR-AFP-Getty Images/Getty; 91 ©Radius Images/Alamy; 95 TR ©Medioimages-Photodisc; 97 (computer) ©ene/ SHUTTERSTOCK, (1) @Ingvald Kaldhussater/SHUTTERSTOCK, (2) @Maksim Toome/SHUTTERSTOCK, (3) @SHUTTERSTOCK, (4) @Katmay/ SHUTTERSTOCK, (5) @Igor Grochev/SHUTTERSTOCK, (6) @grzym/SHUTTERSTOCK, (7) @ajt/SHUTTERSTOCK, (8) @Fernando Delvalle/ SHUTTERSTOCK, (9) @Obvious/SHUTTERSTOCK, (10) @Scott Rothstein/SHUTTERSTOCK; 98 (calculators) @ZTS/SHUTTERSTOCK, (sculptures) ©Comstock, (paintings) ©mtr/SHUTTERSTOCK, (cars) ©travis manley/SHUTTERSTOCK, (keys) ©Julija Sapic/SHUTTERSTOCK, (pencils) ©Marko Poplasen/SHUTTERSTOCK, (2) @Wendy Kaveney Photography/SHUTTERSTOCK, (4) @cardiae/SHUTTERSTOCK; 99 (pointing at watch) @El Greco/SHUTTERSTOCK, (standing man pointing) @Gabriel Moisa/SHUTTERSTOCK, (calculator) @Obvious/SHUTTERSTOCK, (man holding keys) @Andresr/SHUTTERSTOCK, (headphones) @titelio/SHUTTERSTOCK, (man holding camera) @Tanya Constantine, (eggs) @Oleinik Dmitri/ SHUTTERSTOCK, (airplane) @Lars Christensen/SHUTTERSTOCK, (seated man pointing) @Gabriel Moisa/SHUTTERSTOCK, (boy holding ball) @Jack Hollingsworth; 100 (1) ©William Attard McCarthy/SHUTTERSTOCK, (2) ©Sviridov Vitaly/SHUTTERSTOCK, (3) ©Paul Gibbings/SHUTTERSTOCK; 101 BR @ Mode Images Limited/Alamy; 102 TL @Darren K. Fisher/SHUTTERSTOCK, TM @Carsten Reisinger/SHUTTERSTOCK, TR @Carsten Reisinger: 103 BR @PBJ Pictures: 104 TR @Klaus Tiedge: 114 (cruise ship) @Tool Using Animal/SHUTTERSTOCK, (kitchen) @ollv/SHUTTERSTOCK, (dining room) @Garret Bautista/SHUTTERSTOCK, (cabin) @Tyler Olson/SHUTTERSTOCK, (ship deck) @Rufus Stone/Alamy; 115 MR @ Louis Quail; 117 MR ©Steve Allen; 119 (boys reading) ©Art Directors & TRIP/Alamy, (boy with laptop) ©Pankaj & Insy Shah (boys with gadget) ©Rolf Bruderer, (boys eating pizza) @Jupiterimages, (boy with bike) @D.Hurst/Alamy; 120 (teen eating sandwich) @Monkey Business Images/SHUTTERSTOCK, (1) @Jason Stitt/SHUTTERSTOCK, (2) @MBI/Alamy, (3) @Robin Beckham-BEEPstock, (4) @Gallo Images, (5) @Anne Ackermann; 121 (men eating) @moodboard, (1) @Image Source, (2) @Kurhan/SHUTTERSTOCK, (3) @J. Abercrombie-National Geographic-Getty Images/Getty, (4) ©Image Source, (5) @arabianEye; 124 (1) @Andrew Fox/Alamy, (2) @MANDY GODBEHEAR/SHUTTERSTOCK, (3) @Massimiliano Pieraccini/ SHUTTERSTOCK, (4) @Hola Images/Alamy.

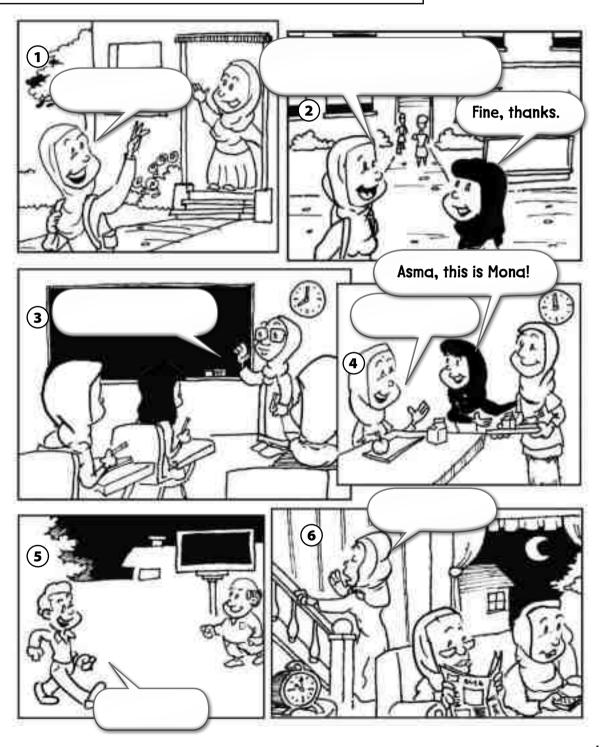
Additional images by Tatweer Co. for Educational Services on pages: photo of teacher and pupils on page 91

# 1 Good Morning!

A Write the correct expression in each picture.

Good night. Good morning. Goodbye.

Good evening. Nice to meet you. Hi. How are you?



# 1 Good Morning!

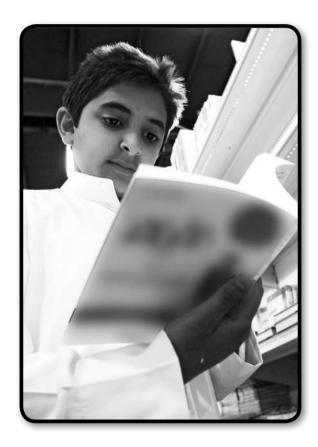
**B** Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of the verb **be**.

1	Mrs. Rivera _	is	Anita's mom
---	---------------	----	-------------

- 1. Omar \_\_\_\_\_\_ a student.
- 2. You \_\_\_\_\_ a teacher.
- **3.** This \_\_\_\_\_\_ Jennifer. But her friends call her Jenny.
- **4.** Mr. Bond \_\_\_\_\_\_ a good teacher.
- **5.** Asma and Mona \_\_\_\_\_\_ best friends.
- **6.** We \_\_\_\_\_ students.
- **7.** He \_\_\_\_\_ Ahmed.
- **8. A:** How \_\_\_\_\_\_you?
  - **B:** I \_\_\_\_\_\_ fine, thanks.
- Complete the sentences. Use contractions with **be**.

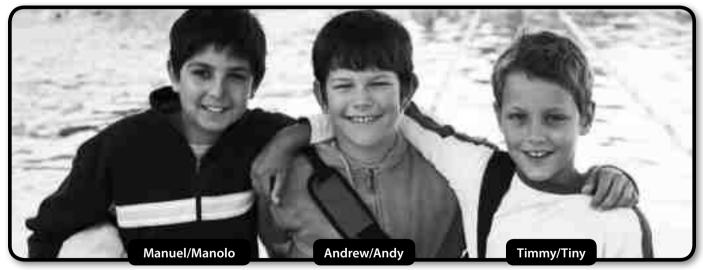
## This is my friend, Saeed. He's a student.

- **1.** This is my first day here. \_\_\_\_\_ your new classmate.
- 2. This is my friend. \_\_\_\_\_ a student.
- **3.** This is Mr. Lee. \_\_\_\_\_ the principal.
- **4.** My name is Paul. \_\_\_\_\_ a student.
- **5.** This is Mr. White and Mr. Cole. \_\_\_\_\_\_ teachers.
- **6.** Our names are Adel and Fahd. \_\_\_\_\_\_ best friends.
- **7.** You are my friend. \_\_\_\_\_ my best friend!
- **8.** Saeed and Alex are friends. \_\_\_\_\_ classmates, too.



- Complete the sentences. Use possessive adjectives.
- He's a student. His name is Sam.
  - **1.** This is my sister. \_\_\_\_\_ name is Amira.
  - 2. This is the teacher. \_\_\_\_\_ name is Mr. Ahmed.
  - 3. I'm a student. \_\_\_\_\_ name is Alan.
  - **4.** Daniel is a student. \_\_\_\_\_ friends call him Dan.
  - **5.** Hi. My name's Yuko. What's \_\_\_\_\_ name?
  - **6.** This is my mother. \_\_\_\_\_ name is Kate.
  - **7.** Good morning, class! I'm your English teacher.
    - \_\_\_\_\_ name is Ms. Fatimah.
  - **8. A:** What's \_\_\_\_\_ name?
    - **B:** My name's Yasmin.





Complete the sentences. Use a form of the verb **be** or **my**, **your**, **his**, **her**.

Hello! My name (1) \_\_\_\_\_ Manuel. But (2) \_\_\_\_\_ friends call me Manolo.

I **(3)** \_\_\_\_\_\_ a student. This is **(4)** \_\_\_\_\_ friend Andrew. **(5)** \_\_\_\_\_ friends

call him Andy. He **(6)** \_\_\_\_\_ a student, too. Timmy **(7)** \_\_\_\_ my classmate.

(8) \_\_\_\_\_ friends call him Tiny. Tiny means "small." What's (9) \_\_\_\_\_ name?

# 1 Good Morning!

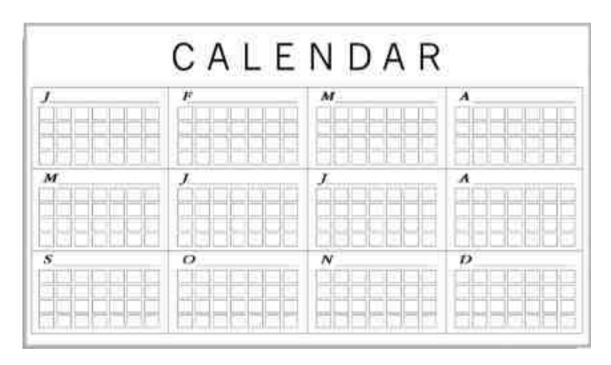
Inscramble the words. Write the letters in the boxes. Find the secret word! 1. olshoc 2. detnust 3. Ipsel 3. ー州部門 規門 ー EVENING CLASSES 4. etem 5. drenif **6.** gnhit **7.** uyor **8.** rea 8. 9. eralt The secret word is: \_\_\_\_\_ **G** WRITING Look at the picture. Write a conversation. Paul: \_\_\_\_\_\_. Paul Wilson. **John:** , Paul. John. This is friend, Samuel. But \_\_\_\_\_\_ friends call him \_\_\_\_\_. Paul: , Sam. Sam: Paul: Mr. Lee and Mr. Grant \_\_\_\_\_ the teachers. \_\_\_\_\_, Mr. Lee! **Mr. Lee:**\_\_\_\_\_\_, Paul!\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? Paul: , thanks.

A Write the days of the week in the correct order.

May



**B** Write the months in the correct order on the calendar below.



Write the numbers in words. Then write the answer.

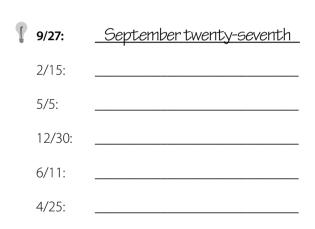
Eight plus sixteen equals twenty-four.

D	Fill in the numbers.
	I III III UIC HAIIIDCIS.

f thirty-first.	thirty-second	, thirty-third
*	Utili by Socotion	,,

- **2.** fourteenth, \_\_\_\_\_, sixteenth
- **4.** fifty-fourth, \_\_\_\_\_\_, fifty-sixth
- **1.** sixth, \_\_\_\_\_\_, eighth **5.** twentieth, thirtieth, \_\_\_\_\_
  - **6.** \_\_\_\_\_, seventieth, eightieth
- 3. eleventh, \_\_\_\_\_, thirteenth 7. seventeenth, \_\_\_\_\_, nineteenth
  - **8.** \_\_\_\_\_\_, sixty-third, sixty-fourth

Write the following dates.





## F Match.

- **1.** \_\_\_\_\_ How old are Jim and Jack? **a.** I'm 19.
- **2.** \_\_\_\_\_ When is their graduation? **b.** It's Monday.
- **3.** \_\_\_\_\_ How old are you?
- **4.** \_\_\_\_ What day is today?
- **5.** \_\_\_\_\_ What are their names?
- **6.** \_\_\_\_ What month is it?

- **c.** They're Jim and Jack.
- **d.** Their graduation is today!
- **e.** They're 18.
  - **f.** It's June.

**G** Circle the correct possessive adjective.

# Abdullah, congratulations! When is (their / your) graduation?

- **1.** Hello. My name is Sabah. What is (your / our) name?
- **2.** They are eighteen years old. (Your / Their ) graduation ceremony is today.
- **3. A:** What are your names?
  - **B:** (Their / Our ) names are Yahya and Adel.
- **4.** The boys are ten years old. (Your / Their ) final test is October 7.
- **5.** Your clothes are so amazing! And (our / your) clothes are great, too.



H Circle the correct question words.

# (What)/ When ) is your name?

- 1. (How old / When) is his brother?
- 2. (When / What ) day is today? It's Thursday!
- **3.** It's May 15th. (What / When ) is the final test?
- **4.** (What / When ) are their names?
- **5.** (When / What ) is the date tomorrow? It's April 7th.
- Write the correct word. Use **in** or **on**.

January 1st	
1 Saturdays	<b>5.</b> March
2Thursdays	<b>6.</b> October 30th
<b>3.</b> April	<b>7.</b> Mondays
<b>4.</b> July 23rd	8. November

Complete the crossword puzzle. Spell out the numbers.

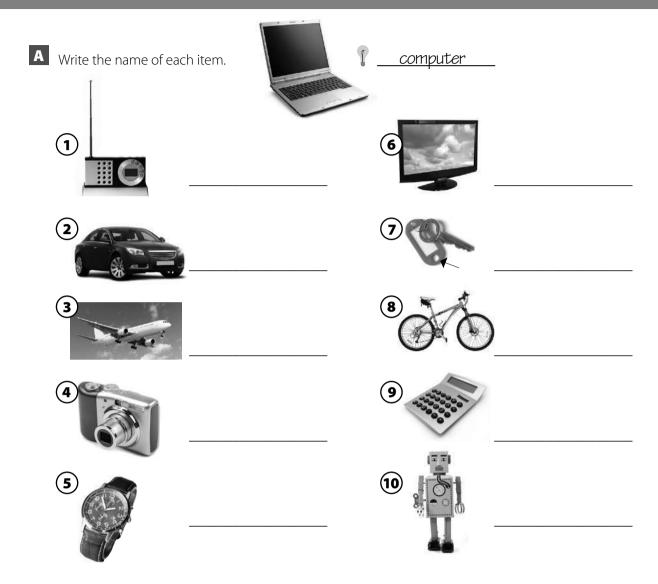
# Across 1 t w 2 e l f t h 1. 12th 3. 3rd 4. 19 7. 5th Down 2. 11th 7 3. 20th 5. 80 6. 90

## **K** WRITING

Write about yourself.



# 3 What's That?



**B** Write the items from **A** in the correct columns. Use **a** or **an** for each one.

Travel	Electronics	Personal Items
	a computer	

Change to the plural.						
What's this?	What are the	<u>:5e?</u>				
t's a sculpture.	They're sculpt	<u>tures.</u>				
I. What's that?				Ó		
2. It's a calculator.				TV Saki	Variation of the same	ı
<b>3.</b> It's a pencil.						
1. It's my key.			3-7			
5. That's a car.			(4)	- Oil		
<b>6.</b> It's her painting.						
Write a polite affirmat	ive (+) or negative (–) s	entence for each	ch picture.			
close the door	ive (+) or negative (–) s use cell phones talk	entence for eac open the w take photo	rindow			
close the door	use cell phones	open the w take photo	rindow			
close the door	use cell phones talk	open the w take photo	rindow graphs			

Look at the photos. Complete the conversations. Use *this / these* for things near. Use *that / those* for things not near.



1 A	:	What's this?
-		

B: <u>It's a watch.</u>



1. A: \_\_\_\_\_



2. A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_



3. A: \_\_\_\_\_



A: What's that?

B: <u>It's a calculator.</u>



4. A: \_\_\_\_\_



5. A: \_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_



**6.** A: \_\_\_\_\_

Fill in the blanks with the correct singular or plural words.

Singular	Plural
<b>↑</b> that car	those cars
1. this telephone	
2	those pencils
<b>3.</b> this watch	
4	those dinosaurs
<b>5.</b> this radio	

Look at the photos. What do you see? Write the words. Use *a* or *an*.







1. <u>a man</u>an airplane

3. \_\_\_\_\_

#### **H** WRITING

Buy some gifts for your family and friends. Make a list. Use *a* or *an*.



# 4 Around the World

Read the clues and complete the word for each country or nationality.

1 🛚	person that is from Jordan.						
. ,	person that is norm sordan.	-	 	_	 	 	 

**B** Fill in each blank with the correct word from the box.

Brazilian	Saudi	England	Australia	Egyptian	Omani	
-----------	-------	---------	-----------	----------	-------	--

- 1. I'm \_\_\_\_\_. I'm from the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.
- **2.** Ali isn't Syrian. He's \_\_\_\_\_\_. He lives in Muscat.
- **3.** Saeed is on business in London. He's in \_\_\_\_\_ right now.
- **4.** Karen is English, but she lives in Sydney, \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- **5.** I'm from Brazil. My nationality is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- **6.** Aisha is from Egypt. She is \_\_\_\_\_\_.





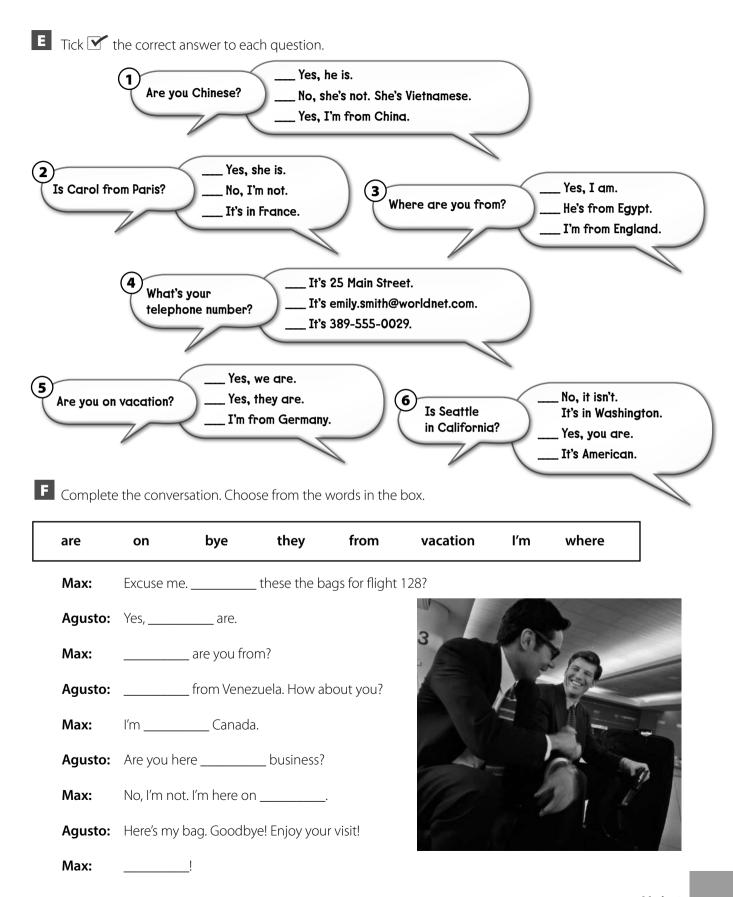






Complete the conversation. Fill in each blank with the correct form of the verb **be**. Circle the correct preposition.

1	Tom <u>is</u> ((i	n) on ) Brazil. He meets Eduardo and Roberto.					
	Tom:	Hi. My nameTom. What's your name?					
	Eduardo:	l' Eduardo. This my friend, Roberto.					
	Roberto: Hi, Tom. Whereyou from?  Tom: I' (in / from ) the United States. I'm (on / in ) vacation here in Brazil for the first time you Brazilian?  Roberto: No, we' (on / from ) Cuenca, but we live (in / on ) Rio de Janeiro now						
	Tom:	Cuenca in Colombia?					
	Eduardo:	No, it It' ( in / from ) Ecuador.					
D	correct info	e questions. Use short answers. For negative answers, write the ormation.					
	2. Is Rober	rto Eduardo's friend?					
	3. Is Tom on business?						
	4. Is Tom from Colombia?						
	5. Are Rob	<b>5.</b> Are Roberto and Eduardo Ecuadorian?					
	<b>6.</b> Is Cuend	ca in Ecuador?					
	7. Are they	y in the United States now?					
	8. Are Rob	perto and Eduardo on vacation?					



### **G** READING

Read the description of Carlos. Complete the form.

Hi. My name is Carlos Torres. I'm Chilean, but I live in the U.S. I live in Los Angeles, California. I am eighteen years old. My email address is carlos123@worldnet.com. My phone number is 310-555-9901.

	Name:
	Nationality: Address—city, state (if appropriate), country:
School Information Form	Age:
	Phone number:



### **H** WRITING

Complete the form with your information.

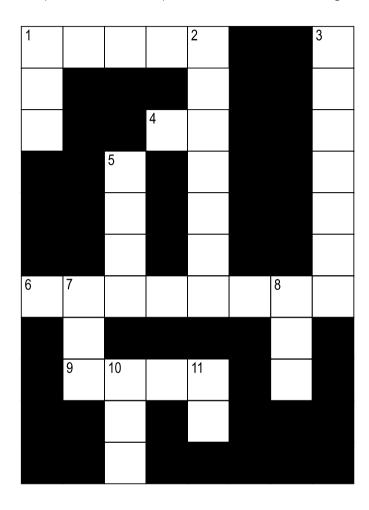
	Name: Nationality: Address—city, state (if appropriate), country:
School Information Form	Age: Email address: Phone number:

# **EXPANSION** Units 1 – 4

	questions. Use <b>What</b> , <b>When</b> , <b>Who</b> ach question to its correct answer	
¶ Where	are you from?g	<b>a.</b> My school is near my house.
1	is your graduation?	<b>b.</b> He's twenty years old.
2	day is today?	<b>c.</b> My house is on Park Avenue.
3	are you?	<b>d.</b> I graduate in June.
4	is your house?	<b>e.</b> It's September.
5	month is it?	<b>f.</b> Today is Monday.
6	is your school?	g. I'm from the United States.
7	is your brother?	<b>h.</b> I'm seventeen.
<ol> <li>Sit down.</li> <li>Please clos</li> </ol>	Don't sit down. e the door.	
		_
<b>2.</b> Today is Su	ınday	
Change the st	ratements to questions.	
Today is (Tues	day). <u> </u> ප	today Tuesday?
<b>1.</b> It's March 1	7th today	
<b>2.</b> Sabah is 17	years old	
<b>3.</b> You're from	ı Syria	
<b>4.</b> You're Jord	anian	
<b>5.</b> That's your	pencil	
<b>6.</b> Those are o	our posters	
7. That's a fan	nous painting	

# **EXPANSION** Units 1 – 4

Complete the crossword puzzle. Use the clues on the right.



#### **ACROSS**

- 1. greeting
- **4.** he, she, \_\_\_\_\_
- **6.** day of the week
- **9.** Sit \_\_\_\_\_\_.

#### **DOWN**

- **1.** she/her, he/\_\_\_\_\_
- 2. month
- **3.** day of the week
- **5.** \_\_\_\_\_ is your name?
- **7.** You \_\_\_\_\_ I are friends.
- **8.** We \_\_\_\_\_ students.
- **10.** How \_\_\_\_\_ are you?
- 11. opposite of yes

Write the correct form of the verb **be**.

Today (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_ Monday. It (2) \_\_\_\_\_ the first day of school. Mr. Clark and his students (3) \_\_\_\_\_ in class. There (4) \_\_\_\_\_ twenty students and twenty-one desks. One desk (5) \_\_\_\_\_ for Mr. Clark.

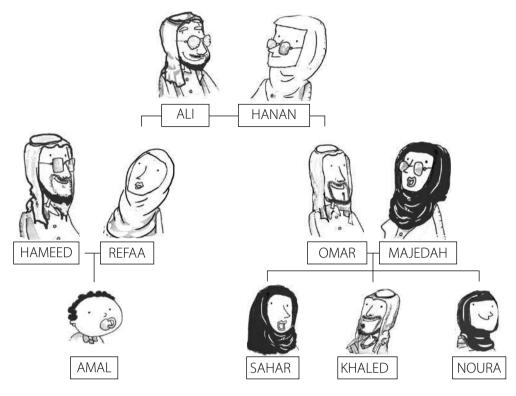
"How old **(6)** \_\_\_\_\_\_ you, Brandon?" asks Mr. Clark. Brandon **(7)** \_\_\_\_\_ sixteen years old.

The students (8) \_\_\_\_\_ all 16 or 17 years old. Mr. Clark (9) \_\_\_\_ seventeen years old.

He **(10)** \_\_\_\_\_ thirty-five. It **(11)** \_\_\_\_\_ his first day at this school. "I **(12)** \_\_\_\_\_ your

new teacher," says Mr. Clark.

# **5** Families, Families



- A Answer **yes** or **no**.
  - 1. \_\_\_\_\_ Sahar is Khaled's wife.
  - 2. \_\_\_\_ Omar is Hanan's son.
  - **3.** \_\_\_\_\_ Refaa is Omar's sister.
  - **4.** \_\_\_\_\_ Ali is Noura's grandfather.

- B Complete the sentences. Who is Khaled?
  - 1. He's Majedah's \_\_\_\_\_.
  - **2.** He's Hanan's \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - **3.** He's Sahar's \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - **4.** He's Amal's \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- Who are you in your family? Look at exercises **A** and **B** for ideas.
  - I'm
     Hussain's son/daughter

     1. I'm
     Hussain's son/daughter

     2. I'm
     Hussain's son/daughter

     3. I'm
     Hussain's son/daughter

     4. I'm
     Hussain's son/daughter
    - **5.** I'm \_\_\_\_\_

D	Complete the sentences. Use <i>have</i> , <i>has</i> , <i>don't</i> information on page 42.	<b>have</b> , or	<b>doesn't have</b> . Use the	
1	Khaled <u>has</u> two sisters.			
	1. Omar and Majedah three c	children.	<b>3.</b> Noura	one sister.
	2. Khaled any brothers.		<b>4.</b> Ali and Hanan	three children.
E	Write the possessive.			
1	the son of Ali	,	Ali's son	
	1. the aunt of Sahar			
	<b>2.</b> the father of the children			
	<b>3.</b> the mother of the girls			
	<b>4.</b> the bags of the aunts			
F	Answer the questions. Use <i>any</i> , <i>a lot of</i> , or <i>lots</i>	of.		
1	Your aunt and uncle don't have any children.  Do you have any cousins?	No	, I don't have any cous	ins.
	1. Your father has seven brothers.			
	Do you have any uncles?			
	2. Your grandmother and grandfather			
	have five daughters and one son.			
	Do you have any aunts?			
	<b>3.</b> You are an only child.			
	Do you have any sisters?			<del></del>
	<b>4.</b> You have a big family.			
	Do you have any brothers and sisters?			
G	Here are the answers. What are the questions?	Use <b>Ho</b> v	<i>many</i> or <i>Who</i> .	
1	How many brothers does Khaled have	?	Khaled doesn't have any	brothers.
	1		Khaled has two sisters.	
	2	?	Khaled's mother is Majed	dah.
	3	?	Khaled's aunt is Refaa.	
	4	?	Refaa and Hameed have	one child.
	5	?	Khaled's grandparents ar	re Ali and Hanan.

### **H** READING

**Clerk:** What's your name?

**Child:** Olivia.

**Clerk:** What's your last name?

**Child:** Parker.

**Clerk:** What's your father's name?

**Child:** Daddy.

**Clerk:** OK. What's your address?

**Child:** Main Street.

**Clerk:** What's your telephone number?

**Child:** I don't know.

**Mother:** There you are, Olivia! Thank you, Ms. ...?

**Clerk:** Ms. Jones. Please teach Olivia her address

and telephone number.

**Mother:** Yes, Ms. Jones. Thank you.

### Write yes or no.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ Olivia is the clerk's daughter.

**2.** \_\_\_\_\_ Olivia is Mrs. Parker's daughter.

**3.** \_\_\_\_\_ Olivia knows her address.

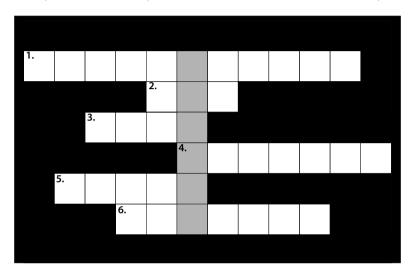
**4.** \_\_\_\_\_ Olivia knows her telephone number.

**5.** \_\_\_\_\_ Olivia says her father's name.



- Complete the sentences. Then write the words in the puzzle. Find the secret word!
  - **1.** My mother's mother is my \_\_\_\_\_.
  - **2.** My parents' child is their daughter or \_\_\_\_\_.
  - **3.** My uncle's wife is my \_\_\_\_\_.

- **4.** My father is my mother's \_\_\_\_\_.
- **5.** My mother's brother is my \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- **6.** My mother and father are my \_\_\_\_\_.

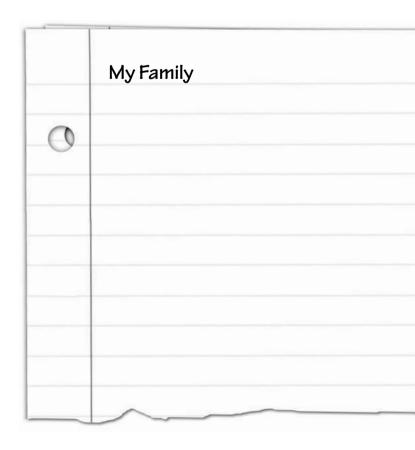


The secret word is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

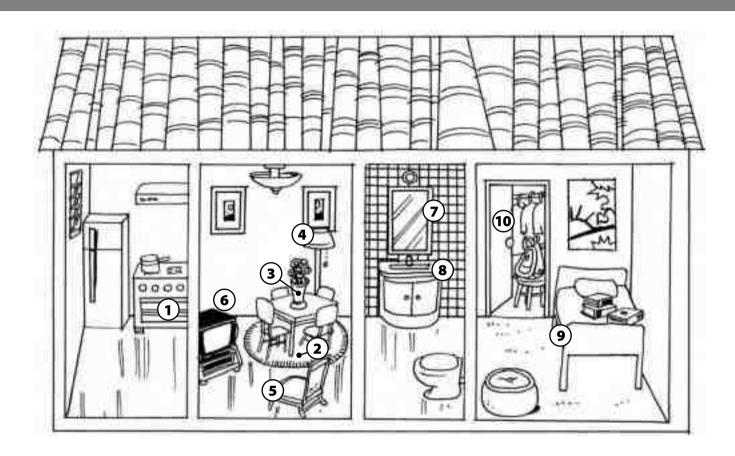
### WRITING

Write about your family. Answer these questions.

- **1.** How many brothers and sisters do you have?
- **2.** What are your brothers' and sisters' names?
- **3.** How old are your brothers and sisters?
- **4.** Who is the baby in your family?
- **5.** What are your grandparents' names?
- **6.** How many aunts do you have?
- 7. How many uncles do you have?
- **8.** Your aunts' children are your cousins. How many cousins do you have?
- 9. Do you have a pet?
- **10.** What is your pet's name?



# 6 Is There a View?



- A Write the names of the items.
  - 1. \_\_\_\_\_
  - 2. \_\_\_\_\_
  - 3. \_\_\_\_\_
  - 4. \_\_\_\_\_
  - 5. \_\_\_\_\_
  - 6. \_\_\_\_\_
  - 7. \_\_\_\_\_
  - 8. \_\_\_\_\_

B Complete the sentences. Use **behind**, **in front of**,

### under, on, or in.

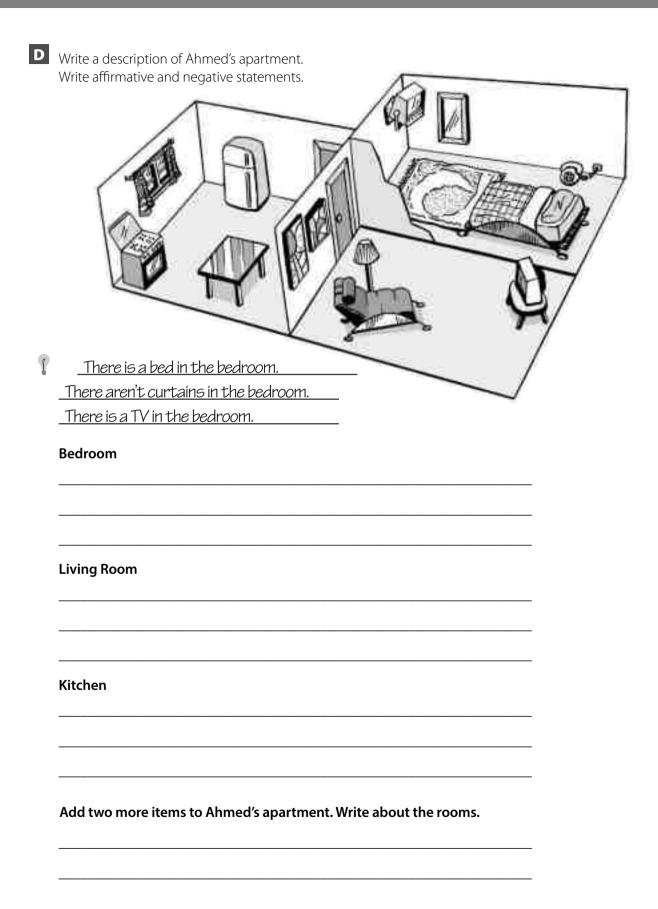
- **1.** The mirror is \_\_\_\_\_ the bathroom.
- **2.** The backpack is \_\_\_\_\_ the closet.
- **3.** The rug is \_\_\_\_\_ the table.
- **4.** The flowers are \_\_\_\_\_ the table.
- **5.** The big chair is \_\_\_\_\_ the TV.
- **6.** The sink is \_\_\_\_\_ the mirror.
- **7.** The bed is \_\_\_\_\_ the bedroom.
- **8.** The lamp is \_\_\_\_\_ the table.
- **9.** The books are \_\_\_\_\_ the bed.
- **10.** The poster is \_\_\_\_\_ the wall.

Complete the conversation. John is a celebrity. Use *there is*,

there are, is there, and are there.



Reporter:	Is your house in California big	?		
John:	Yes,	35 rooms.		
Reporter:	Thirty-five rooms? That's a big	house!		
John:	10 bathrooms	hrooms 15 bedrooms, and two kitchens en upstairs, and a kitchen downstairs.		
Reporter:		a balcony?		
John:	•	two balconies and a nice view from the fr	one balcony behind the	
Reporter:		famous paintings?		
John:	Yes, I have two paintings by P	icasso.		
Reporter:	That's great	a garden?		
John:	Yes,	a large garden with flowe	rs behind the house.	
Reporter:	What's your favorite room?			
John:	It's my bedroom huge high-definition TV in my	two phones, y bedroom. I watch myself on		



### **E** READING

Welcome to my home! My name is George. I live on a cruise ship. I work on the ship, too. It's a great place. The ship is big and comfortable. We have six modern kitchens and six beautiful dining rooms. There are lots of guest rooms. Look at my bedroom. Yes, you're right. It's very small. I have a small table and a small chair. There is a sofa and a bed in my room, too. It's OK. I love my home! I have a swimming pool and a great view of the ocean!









#### Answer **yes** or **no**.

- **1.** \_\_\_\_\_ George's bedroom is big.
- **2.** \_\_\_\_\_ There are two old kitchens on the cruise ship.
- **3.** \_\_\_\_\_ There are a lot of dining rooms.
- **4.** \_\_\_\_\_ There is a TV in George's bedroom.
- **5.** \_\_\_\_\_ His home has a swimming pool.



### **E** WRITING

Write about your dream bedroom. Answer the questions.

- **1.** Is there a big bed or a small bed?
- **2.** What other furniture is there?
- **3.** Are there windows?
- **4.** Is there a view?
- **5.** Are there special things in the room?

# My Dream Bedroom My dream bedroom is just right for me.

# 7 Where Do You Live?

A	What are these words? They're places in a neighborhood! Unscramble the words.
	<b>1.</b> laml
	<b>2.</b> ramapych
	<b>3.</b> karp
	<b>4.</b> ketpusrmare
	<b>5.</b> kbna
	<b>6.</b> tausertnar
	7. ooortbeks
В	Make a conversation. Write the sentences in the correct order.
	Excuse me. Is there a restaurant near here?
	Go to the corner, and turn right.
	Thank you.
	Yes, there's one across from the post office.
	And where is the post office?
	You're welcome.
1	A: Excuse me. Is there a restaurant near here?
	B:
	A:
	B:
	A:

### Where Do You Live?

SOBOOO STATION	Hoalth Glub MALL PHARMACY					
MAIN AVENUE						
Museum	BANK RESTAURANT SUPERMARKE	Т				
	PARK AVENUE					
Convenience Store	PARK	•				

	) BR (I	SANN		FRANKI		
		PARK A	AVENUE			
Convenience St	ore	PA	RK		BOOKSTORE	
Look at t	he map. Com	plete the se	ntences. Us	e <b>across fro</b>	<b>m, between</b> , or <b>n</b>	ext to.
<b>1.</b> The h	otel is			the ban	k and the restau	rant.
<b>2.</b> The m	nall is			the resta	urant.	
<b>3.</b> The h	ealth club is _			the	mall.	
Look at t	ha man Ansu	ver the auge	tions Make	two cantan	ces for each Use	on, near, or far fro
LOOK at the	пе ттар. Анзм	ver the ques	itions, Make	two senten	ces for each. Ose	on, near, or rai no
1. Where	e's the subway	y station?				
2. Where	e's the park?					
	'					
<b>3</b>	<i>t</i> .1	1				
3. Where	e's the supern	narket?				
Look at t	he man Com	nlete the co	nversation	Help the to	ırist The tourist i	s at the bookstore.
LOOKatti	пс тар. сот	piete trie ee	niversation.	ricip the tot	anst. The tourist i	s at the bookstore.
Tourist:	Excuse me.	Where is the	e museum?			
You:		stra	ight on Park	Avenue to 1	the next corner.	
		righ	ıt at the bar	ık.		
	The museur	m is		_ the bank.		
	lt's	th	ne convenie	nce store an	d the subway sta	ation.

**Tourist:** Thank you.

1. Where do you live? I	ive Jeddah.	<b>4.</b> Our apartment l	building is big.
2. Amina lives	Park Avenue.	We live	the twelfth floor.
<b>3.</b> My cousins live	Damascus.	<b>5.</b> Ali lives	Main Street.
READING			
Beautiful Penang			
a lot to see and do in Pe	y island, and thousands of tour nang. There are miles of sunny in small, friendly hotels on the	beaches with smooth	
the town. There are old places to shop. And Pen It's called KOMTAR, and Answer <b>yes</b> or <b>no.</b> For <b>no.</b>	ouildings and many beautiful pang even has its own shopping thas over 200 stores.  answers, write a correct sente south America.	g mall on Penang Road.	A beach at Penang
the town. There are old places to shop. And Pen It's called KOMTAR, and Answer <i>yes</i> or <i>no</i> . For <i>no</i> .  No Penang is in Malay	ang even has its own shopping t has over 200 stores.  o answers, write a correct sente  South America.  vsia in Southeast Asia.	g mall on Penang Road.	A beach at Penang
the town. There are old places to shop. And Pen It's called KOMTAR, and Answer <i>yes</i> or <i>no</i> . For <i>no</i> .  No Penang is in Malay	ang even has its own shopping t has over 200 stores.  answers, write a correct sente  South America.	g mall on Penang Road.	A beach at Penang
the town. There are old places to shop. And Pen It's called KOMTAR, and  Answer yes or no. For no.  No Penang is in Malay  1 Many tourist  There aren't	ang even has its own shopping t has over 200 stores.  The answers, write a correct sente  South America.  Soia in Southeast Asia.  Sois visit Penang every year.	g mall on Penang Road.	A beach at Penang

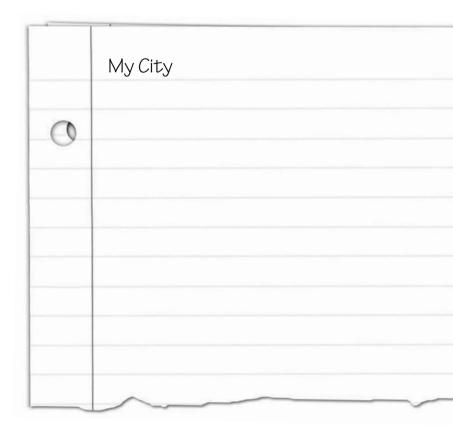
**5.** \_\_\_\_\_ There are no parks in Penang.

### 7 Where Do You Live?

### WRITING

Write about your city.

- **1.** Is the city old or modern?
- 2. Is the city big or small?
- **3.** Is it popular with tourists?
- **4.** Are there many tourist attractions?
- **5.** What are the attractions?
- **6.** Are there famous restaurants?
- **7.** Are there many stores?
- **8.** What is the name of the most popular shopping street or mall?
- **9.** Are there good restaurants in your city?
- **10.** Is there an airport near the city?



# 8 What Are You Doing?

A Look at the photos. Complete the sentences. Use the present progressive of the verbs in the box.

surf not ride listen study eat



1. Adel \_\_\_\_\_ the Internet on his computer. His brothers \_\_\_\_\_ for a test.



**2.** Tom \_\_\_\_\_\_ to Carl's cell phone.



**3.** Jack and his friends \_\_\_\_\_ pizza at his house.



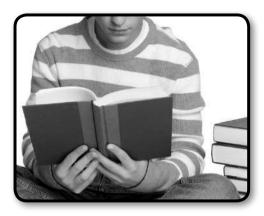
**4.** Mark \_\_\_\_\_ his bike right now.

**B** Complete the questions and answers. Use contractions and pronouns in the answers.



**√** What <u>is</u> Kenny doing?

He's eating a sandwich.



1. What \_\_\_\_\_ Jamal doing?

\_\_\_\_\_ a book.



**2.** What \_\_\_\_\_ they doing?

\_\_\_\_\_ the Internet.



3. What \_\_\_\_\_ Jim doing?

\_\_\_\_\_ sports on TV.



**4.** What \_\_\_\_\_ Ahmed doing?

\_\_\_\_\_ on his cell phone.



**5.** What \_\_\_\_\_ the boys doing?

\_\_\_\_\_ video games.

Look at the pictures. Answer the questions. Use short answers.













### Are they eating dinner?

- **1.** Is he talking to his friend?
- 2. Is he listening to his cell phone?
- **3.** Are they hanging out at the mall?
- **4.** Are they waiting for a bus?
- **5.** Is he drinking coffee?

Yes, they a	are.	
•		

\_\_\_\_

Here are the answers. Write the questions.

# What is Majid doing ?1. \_\_\_\_\_?

3.

**4.** \_\_\_\_\_?

### Majid is playing a video game.

Asma is talking to a friend on the phone.

Omar and Qassim are watching TV.

We are surfing the Internet.

I am studying for a math test.

	-	۰	
r	a		
U	я		
۲	_		4

E	Read the sentences. Draw the picture.
	You are walking in the park. You see five people. A boy is reading a magazine. A boy is riding a bicycle. A man is talking on his cell phone. Faisal and Ali are walking.

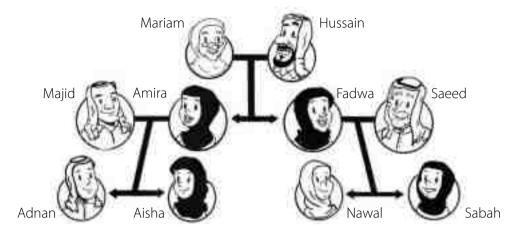
### **F** WRITING

Imagine you are at the library with four friends. What is each friend doing? Write an email.

			-	P	
SEND NOW	SEND LATER	SAVE AS DRAFT	ADD ATTACHMENTS	SIGNATURE	CONTACTS
to: —		subje	ect:		
message: —					
_					

# **EXPANSION** Units 5 – 8

A Read. Then answer the questions about the family.



Adnan and Aisha are brother and sister. Their father, Majid, has two brothers. He has no sisters. Their mother, Amira, has no brothers. But she has a sister, Fadwa. Fadwa's husband's name is Saeed. Fadwa and Saeed have two children, Nawal and Sabah. The two families live in a big house with Amira and Fadwa's parents, Mariam and Hussain.

### How many children do Majid and Amira have?

Th	ney have two children.
1.	What are their children's names?
2.	How many aunts do Adnan and Aisha have?
3.	Does Majid have a brother?
4.	Nawal and Sabah have an uncle. What's his name?
5.	Who are Adnan and Aisha's grandparents?

B Complete the sentences. Use there is, there are, is there, or are there.

1	<u>There</u>	<u>are</u>	_ two beds in my cousins' bedroom.
	1	_	_ a modern kitchen in the house?
	2		_ a big garden behind the house.
	3		_ a mirror in the bathroom.
	4		_ books on the table?

# **EXPANSION** Units 5 – 8

What are they doing? Complete the sentences. (3) **1.** \_\_\_\_\_\_ in a restaurant. **3.** \_\_\_\_\_ on his cell phone. **4.** in his notebook. **2.** the Internet. Look at the map. Complete the sentences below. Use *next to*, *on*, *across from*, *between*, and on the corner of ROBERTO'S BOOKSTORE Main Street 1. The park is \_\_\_\_\_ Main Street **2.** The post office is \_\_\_\_\_\_ the restaurant. **3.** The bus stop is \_\_\_\_\_\_ the post office. **4.** Roberto's Restaurant is \_\_\_\_\_\_ the post office and the bookstore. **5.** The bank is First Street and Main Street. Help your friend. Complete the directions. Your friend is at the bookstore. Where's the post office? Turn right on Main Street. The post office is <u>next to</u> the restaurant. **1.** Your friend is at the post office. Where's the bookstore? \_\_\_\_\_ on Main Street. The bookstore is \_\_\_\_ the restaurant. **2.** Your friend is at the bookstore. Where's the bus stop? on Main Street. The bus stop is \_\_\_\_\_\_ the post office. **3.** Your friend is at the bank. Where's Roberto's Restaurant? \_\_\_\_\_ on Main Street. Roberto's Restaurant is \_\_\_\_\_ the bookstore

and the post office.

# **Unit 1** Self Reflection

Things that I liked about Unit 1:	Things	that I didn't like v	ery much:
Things that I found easy in Unit 1:	Things	that I found diffic	ult in Unit 1:
	I		
Unit 1 Checklist	l can do this very well.	I can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
greet people			
say goodbye			
introduce myself and others			
use the verb <i>be</i>			
use the possessive adjectives my, your, his, her			
talk about school supplies			
My five favorite new words from Unit 1:	If you're st from Unit	till not sure about 1:	something
	• read throu	igh the unit again	
		ne audio material	
		grammar and func	tions
	from the u	init again	

# Unit 2 Self Reflection

Things that I liked about Unit 2:	Things t	hat I didn't like v	ery much:
Things that I found easy in Unit 2:	Things t	hat I found diffic	ult in Unit 2:
Unit 2 Checklist	I can do this very well.	I can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
use the days of the week and the months of the year in context			
use the numbers 1 to 1,000 in context			
use ordinal numbers			
talk about my age			
use the possessive adjectives our, your, their			
use the question words what, when, and how old			
use the prepositions <i>in</i> and <i>on</i> with dates			
follow and give classroom instructions			
My five favorite new words from Unit 2:	If you're st from Unit	ill not sure about 2:	t something
	• listen to th • study the g from the u	gh the unit again le audio material grammar and func nit again eacher for help	tions

# Unit 3 Self Reflection

Things that I liked about Unit 3:	Things that I didn't like very much:		
Things that I found easy in Unit 3:	Things	that I found diffic	ult in Unit 3:
Things that Houna casy in Others.		mat i rouna anne	are iii oine 3.
			I
Unit 3 Checklist	I can do this very well.	I can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
give commands and instructions			
ask for identification of things			
use the demonstrative pronouns this/that and these/those			
use imperatives			
use the indefinite articles a/an			
use the definite article <i>the</i>			
My five favorite new words from Unit 3:	If you're s from Unit	till not sure about 3:	something
	• read throu	ugh the unit again	
		ne audio material	
	• study the from the ι	grammar and func unit again	tions
		eacher for help	

# **Unit 4** Self Reflection

Things that I liked about Unit 4:	Things t	:hat I didn't like v	ery much:
Things that I found easy in Unit 4:	Things t	hat I found diffic	ult in Unit 4:
Unit 4 Checklist	I can do this very well.	I can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
talk about countries and nationalities			
ask for information with <i>yes/no</i> questions			
give basic personal information			
use the verb <i>be</i> in the negative and in questions and short answers			
use the question word <i>when</i>			
use the prepositions from, in, and on			
use can/will for requests and offers			
My five favorite new words from Unit 4:	If you're st from Unit	ill not sure about 4:	t something
	<ul><li>listen to the study the from the u</li></ul>	gh the unit again e audio material grammar and func nit again eacher for help	tions

# **Unit 5** Self Reflection

Things that I liked about Unit 5:	Things	that I didn't like v	ery much:
Things that I found easy in Unit 5:	Things	that I found diffic	ult in Unit 5:
Unit 5 Checklist	I can do this very well.	I can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
identify family members			
describe families			
use the verb <i>have</i> in the affirmative and negative and in questions and short answers			
use the quantity expressions <i>any</i> and <i>a lot of/lots of</i>			
talk about possession with 's			
use the question words <i>how many</i> and <i>who</i>			
use regular and irregular plural nouns			
	,		
My five favorite new words from Unit 5:	If you're st from Unit	ill not sure about 5:	something
	• read throu	igh the unit again	
	• listen to th	ne audio material	
	• study the from the u	grammar and func Init again	tions
		eacher for help	

# **Unit 6** Self Reflection

Things that I liked about Unit 6:	Things	that I didn't like v	ery much:
Things that I found easy in Unit 6:	Things	that I found diffic	ult in Unit 6:
		_	
Unit 6 Checklist	I can do this very well.	I can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
talk about rooms in a house and objects in the rooms			
describe the location of objects			
describe houses			
use <i>there is/there are</i> in the affirmative and negative and in questions and short answers			
use the prepositions in, in front of, behind, on, and under			
use the conjunctions <i>and</i> , <i>but</i> , and <i>or</i>			
My five favorite new words from Unit 6:	If you're st from Unit	till not sure about 6:	something
	• read throu	igh the unit again	
	• listen to th	ne audio material	
	• study the from the u	grammar and func ınit again	tions
		eacher for help	

# **Unit 7** Self Reflection

Things that I liked about Unit 7:	Things	that I didn't like v	ery much:
Things that I found easy in Unit 7:	Things	that I found diffic	ult in Unit 7:
	I can do this	I can do this	I need to study/
Unit 7 Checklist	very well.	quite well.	practice more.
name places in a city  describe location			
describe houses			
ask for and give directions			
use the verb <i>live</i> + preposition			
use the prepositions of place across from, between, next to, on, near, and far from			
use imperatives for directions			
use comparative and superlative adjectives			
My five favorite new words from Unit 7:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 7:  • read through the unit again		
	<ul> <li>listen to the audio material</li> <li>study the grammar and functions from the unit again</li> <li>ask your teacher for help</li> </ul>		

# **Unit 8** Self Reflection

Things that I liked about Unit 8:	Things	that I didn't like v	ery much:
Things that I found easy in Unit 8:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 8:		ult in Unit 8:
Unit 8 Checklist	I can do this very well.	I can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
talk about what people are doing			
use the present progressive tense in the affirmative and negative and in questions and short answers			
ask questions with what + present progressive			
use would like and would like to			
My five favorite new words from Unit 8:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 8:		
	• read through the unit again		
	• listen to the audio material		
	<ul> <li>study the grammar and functions from the unit again</li> </ul>		
	ask your teacher for help		

# SUPERGOAL 1 Audio Track List

CD1			
Track	Unit	St	udent Book Section
2	Unit 1	1	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Pronunciation Listening Conversation Reading
3	Unit 1	2	
4	Unit 1	4	
5	Unit 1	5	
6	Unit 1	7	
7	Unit 1	8	
8	Unit 2	1	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading
9	Unit 2	2	
10	Unit 2	4	
11	Unit 2	5	
12	Unit 2	7	
13	Unit 2	8	
14	Unit 3	1	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading
15	Unit 3	2	
16	Unit 3	5	
17	Unit 3	6	
18	Unit 3	7	
19	Unit 3	8	
20	Unit 4	1	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Pronunciation Listening Conversation Reading
21	Unit 4	2	
22	Unit 4	4	
23	Unit 4	5	
24	Unit 4	6	
25	Unit 4	8	
26	EXPANSION	2	Reading
27	Units 1–4	4	Chant Along
28	Unit 5	1	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading
29	Unit 5	2	
30	Unit 5	4	
31	Unit 5	5	
32	Unit 5	6	
33	Unit 5	8	
34	Unit 6	1	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading
35	Unit 6	2	
36	Unit 6	4	
37	Unit 6	5	
38	Unit 6	6	
39	Unit 6	8	
40	Unit 7	1	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading
41	Unit 7	2	
42	Unit 7	4	
43	Unit 7	5	
44	Unit 7	6	
45	Unit 7	8	
46 47 48 49 50	Unit 8 Unit 8 Unit 8 Unit 8 Unit 8 Unit 8	1 2 4 5 6 8	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading
52	EXPANSION	2	Reading
53	Units 5–8	5	Chant Along

### الأنشطة الغير مقررة على مدارس تحفيظ القرآن الكريم

### The omitted activities for Qur'an memorization schools

Holy Qur'an Schools can omit the activities listed below to cater for the demands of their curriculum. Teachers may choose to use some of the activities in class or assign them as supplementary homework, should there be time/ if they so wish.

Unit	Student's Book section	Pages	Workbook Section	Pages
1	Pair Work	3		
1	About You	5		
1	Conversation	6		
1	Project	8		
1			Self Reflection	125
2	Pair Work	11		
2	About You	13		
2	Conversation	14		
2	Project	16		
2			Self Reflection	126
3	Pair Work	19		
3	About You	21		
3	Conversation	22		
3	Project	24		
3			Self Reflection	127
4	Pair Work	27		
4	Conversation	30		
4	About You	30		
4	Project	32		
4			Self Reflection	128
1-4	Expansion Units 1-4	34-39	Expansion Units 1-4	105-106
5	Pair Work	41		
5	Conversation	44		
5	About You	44		
5	Project	46		
5			Self Reflection	129
6	Pair Work	49		
6	Conversation	52		
6	About You	52		
6	Project	54		
6			Self Reflection	130
7	Pair Work	57		
7	Conversation	60		
7	About You	60		
7	Project	62		
7			Self Reflection	131
8	Pair Work	65		
8	Conversation	68		
8	About You	68		
8	Project	70		
8			Self Reflection	132
5-8	Expansion Units 5-8	72-77	Expansion Units 5-8	123-124

Mc Graw Hill

# SUPERGOAL 1

SuperGoal is a dynamic American English series for international communication designed for middle school students – grades 7-9. Books 1-6 integrate the four skills, present the grammar in context, and help students develop natural conversation. With eye-catching art and high-interest topics, SuperGoal is easy and enjoyable to teach and to learn from.

#### **Features**

- Unit openers, enhanced by attractive and contemporary illustrations, help students make visual connections and retain the new language.
- Units are thematic and contain high-interest topics that relate to students' age and interests
- A consistent unit format makes navigation clear and predictable.
- The Grammar section offers succinct explanations, followed by activities that reinforce the grammar points presented.
- Interactive Conversations allow students to choose or make up their own endings.
- Vocabulary development occurs throughout and everyday expressions are explained in the Real Talk feature.
- Sections on Pronunciation, Listening, and Writing are included in each unit.
- Readings and Projects at the end of each unit allow students to experience real world situations.
- Chants enable students to expand their language in a pleasant way.
- Learning strategies and critical thinking skills prepare students for success.
- Humor and cross-cultural information and values are present throughout the series.





Name: \_\_\_\_\_School:

